

Auditor's Report on Vandor Real Estate SOCIMI, S.A. (Sociedad Unipersonal)

(Together with the abbreviated annual accounts of Vandor Real Estate, SOCIMI, S.A.U. for the year ended 19 December 2022)

(Translation from the original in Spanish. In the event of discrepancy, the Spanish-language version prevails.)



KPMG Auditores, S.L. Torre Realia Plaça d'Europa, 41-43 08908 L'Hospitalet de Llobregat (Barcelona)

Independent Auditor's Report on the Abbreviated Annual Accounts

(Translation from the original in Spanish. In the event of discrepancy, the Spanish-language version prevails.)

To the sole shareholder of Vandor Real Estate, SOCIMI, S.A. (Sociedad Unipersonal)

Opinion

We have audited the abbreviated annual accounts of Vandor Real Estate SOCIMI, S.A.U. (the "Company"), which comprise the abbreviated balance sheet at 19 December 2022, the abbreviated income statement for the year then ended, and abbreviated notes.

In our opinion, the accompanying abbreviated annual accounts give a true and fair view, in all material respects, of the equity and financial position of the Company at 19 December 2022, and of its financial performance for the year then ended in accordance with the applicable financial reporting framework (specified in note 2 to the abbreviated annual accounts) and, in particular, with the accounting principles and criteria set forth therein.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with prevailing legislation regulating the audit of accounts in Spain. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the *Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Abbreviated Annual Accounts* section of our report.

We are independent of the Company in accordance with the ethical requirements, including those regarding independence, that are relevant to our audit of the abbreviated annual accounts pursuant to the legislation regulating the audit of accounts in Spain. We have not provided any non-audit services, nor have any situations or circumstances arisen which, under the aforementioned regulations, have affected the required independence such that this has been compromised.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.





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Most Relevant Aspects of the Audit_____

The most relevant aspects of the audit are those that, in our professional judgement, have been considered as the most significant risks of material misstatement in the audit of the abbreviated annual accounts of the current period. These risks were addressed in the context of our audit of the abbreviated annual accounts as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these risks.

Valuation of investment property (see notes 2 d), 3 d) and 6)

The Company holds a significant amount of its assets in investment property corresponding to real estate property that are earmarked for lease to obtain revenues. The Company initially measures assets classified as investment property at cost of acquisition or production. Subsequent to initial measurement, the Company assesses investment property annually for indications of impairment, for the purpose of determining whether its carrying amount exceeds its recoverable amount. The recoverable amount of real estate property is determined by an appraisal performed by an independent expert. In this regard, this amount is calculated by applying valuation techniques which often require the exercise of judgement by the independent expert and the Directors, as well as the use of assumptions and estimates. Due to the high level of judgement; the uncertainty associated with these estimates; the significant additions of investment property during the year; and the significance of the carrying amount of investment property at the reporting date; the analysis of the additions for the year, as well as the review of their recoverable amount have been considered a relevant aspect of the audit.

Our audit procedures included understanding the process for recognising and measuring investment property, as well as assessing the methodology and assumptions applied in the preparation of the appraisals used in this process, for which purpose we involved our valuation specialists. We also performed tests of detail on a sample of additions for the year and of the costs associated with these additions, so as to determine whether they have been recognised correctly. We also assessed whether the disclosures in the abbreviated annual accounts meet the requirements of the financial reporting framework applicable to the Company.

Directors' Responsibility for the Abbreviated Annual Accounts

The Directors are responsible for the preparation of the accompanying abbreviated annual accounts in such a way that they give a true and fair view of the equity, financial position and financial performance of the Company in accordance with the financial reporting framework applicable to the entity in Spain, and for such internal control as they determine is necessary to enable the preparation of abbreviated annual accounts that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the abbreviated annual accounts, the Directors are responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the Directors either intend to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Abbreviated Annual	
Accounts	



(Translation from the original in Spanish. In the event of discrepancy, the Spanish-language version prevails.)

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the abbreviated annual accounts as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with prevailing legislation regulating the audit of accounts in Spain will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these abbreviated annual accounts.

As part of an audit in accordance with prevailing legislation regulating the audit of accounts in Spain, we exercise professional judgement and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the abbreviated annual accounts, whether due
 to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit
 evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a
 material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may
 involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that
 are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the
 effectiveness of the entity's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by the Directors.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of the Directors' use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the abbreviated annual accounts or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the abbreviated annual accounts, including
 the disclosures, and whether the abbreviated annual accounts represent the underlying transactions and
 events in a manner that achieves a true and fair view.





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We communicate with the Directors of the entity regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

From the significant risks communicated to the Directors of Vandor Real Estate, SOCIMI, S.A.U., we determine those that were of most significance in the audit of the abbreviated annual accounts of the current period and which are therefore the most significant risks.

We describe these risks in our auditor's report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter.

KPMG Auditores, S.L.
On the Spanish Official Register of
Auditors ("ROAC") with No. S0702

(Signed on original in Spanish)

David Relats Barragán
On the Spanish Official Register of Auditors ("ROAC") with No. 20680
29 June 2023

Vandor Real Estate SOCIMI, S.A. (Sociedad Unipersonal)

Abbreviated Annual Accounts 19 December 2022 (together with the Audit Report)

(Sociedad Unipersonal)

Abbreviated Balance Sheet

19 December 2022 and 2021

(Expressed in euro)

Assets	Note	19.12.2022	19.12.2021
Intangible assets	Note 5	19,692.90	22,760.55
Computer software		19,692.90	22,760.55
Property, plant and equipment	Note 5	2,171,671.80	1,038,684.61
Technical installations and other items		31,827.60	30,932.35
Furniture		2,038,157.36	997,957.39
Computer hardware		11,962.55	9,794.87
Advance payments and construction in progress		89,724.29	-
Investment property	Note 6	63,552,137.95	29,652,952.43
Land		37,997,936.76	16,815,934.51
Buildings		23,953,085.68	12,084,776.52
Investment in adaptation and advances		1,601,115.51	752,241.40
Non-current financial investments		1,424,674.62	1,446,455.24
Derivatives		267,656.28	22,660.11
Other financial assets	Note 8	1,157,018.34	1,423,795.13
Deferred tax assets	Note 12	136.58	136.58
Total non-current assets		67,168,313.85	32,160,989.41
Inventories		60,588.75	_
Advances		60,588.75	-
Trade and other receivables		460,831.96	77,510.27
Trade receivables	Note 8	222,811.82	28,204.72
Intercompany trade receivables	Note 16	114,357.19	-
Other debtors		2,110.48	_
Public entities, other	Note 12	121,552.47	49,305.55
Current financial investments		310,000.00	22,095.85
Other financial assets	Note 8	310,000.00	22,095.85
Cash and cash equivalents		2,909,977.02	3,035,668.94
Cash	Note 9	2,909,977.02	3,035,668.94
Total current assets		3,741,397.73	3,135,275.06
Total assets		70,909,711.58	35,296,264.47

Vandor Real Estate SOCIMI, S.A. (Sociedad Unipersonal) Abbreviated Balance Sheet 19 December 2022 and 2021

(Expressed in euro)

Equity and liabilities	Note	19.12.2022	19.12.2021
Capital and reserves without valuation adjustments	Note 10	34,271,038.23	21,666,737.61
Capital			
Registered capital		5,000,000.00	5,000,000.00
Share premium		15,368,147.75	15,368,147.75
Prior periods' profit and loss		(2,886,410.14)	(842,342.73)
Other equity holder contributions		18,935,000.00	4,185,000.00
Profit/(loss) for the period		(2,145,699.38)	(2,044,067.41)
Total equity		34,271,038.23	21,666,737.61
Non-august noughlas	Nata 44	22 222 227 72	40.050.047.40
Non-current payables Debt with financial institutions	Note 11	33,230,967.73	12,050,617.12
Other financial liabilities		33,169,706.77	12,011,354.46
Other imancial habilities		61,260.96	39,262.66
Total non-current liabilities		33,230,967.73	12,050,617.12
Current payables	Note 11	2,329,143.45	823,756.35
Debt with financial institutions		1,977,353.96	268,203.90
Other financial liabilities		351,789.49	555,552.45
Trade and other payables		988,047.12	755,153.39
Intercompany trade payables	Note 16	16,833.01	10,328.86
Other payables	Note 11	945,399.55	722,644.93
Other payables to public entities	Note 12	25,814.56	22,179.60
Accrual		90,515.05	<u>-</u>
Total current liabilities		3,407,705.62	1,578,909.74
Total equity and liabilities		70,909,711.58	35,296,264.47

(Sociedad Unipersonal)

Abbreviated Profit and Loss Account

for the fiscal year ended on

19 December 2022

(Expressed in euro)

	Note	2022	2021
Revenue	Notes 6 y 13	1,899,998.53	509,063.35
Services rendered	Notes 6 y 13	1,899,998.53	509,063.35
Other operating income	Notes 6 y 13	3,418.13	7,640.81
Non-trading and other operating income	Notes 0 y 15	5,410.15	7,640.81
Grants		3.418.13	7,040.01
Personnel expenses	Note 13	(441,729.72)	(179,298.43)
Salaries and wages	11010 10	(332,322.23)	(139,777.76)
Employee benefits expense		(109,407.49)	(39,520.67)
Other operating expenses	Note 13	(2,293,660.15)	(1,594,425.75)
External services		(1,815,089.99)	(1,287,697.54)
Taxes		(478,314.64)	(306,728.21)
Losses, impairment and changes in trade provisions	Note 8	(255.52)	-
Amortisation and depreciation	Notes 5 y 6	(500,790.46)	(195,329.09)
Other gains/(losses)	-	(312,125.39)	(75,865.01)
Results from operating activities	_	(1,644,889.06)	(1,528,214.12)
Finance expenses	Note 11	(755,289.62)	(538,513.40)
On debts with group companies and associates	11010 11	(.00,200.02)	(360,782.54)
On debts with third parties		(755,289.62)	(177,730.86)
Change in fair value of financial instruments		254,479.30	22,660.11
With third parties	_	254,479.30	22,660.11
Net finance income/(expense)		(500,810.32)	(515,853.29)
Profit/(loss) before income tax	_	(2,145,699.38)	(2,044,067.41)
Profit/(loss) for the period	_	(2,145,699.38)	(2,044,067.41)

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Notes to the Abbreviated Annual Accounts

19 December 2022

(1) Nature, Activities of the Company and Composition of the Group

Vandor Real Estate SOCIMI, S.A.U. (hereinafter, the "Company") was incorporated in Spain, as a single-member limited liability company, for an indefinite period, on 18 July 2019, through a public deed executed by AD Iberia Management, S.L.U. (as founding shareholder) before the Notary Public of Madrid, Mr. José Carlos Sánchez González, under number 1.121 of his official records, with the corporate name Vandor SPV 2019, S.L.U. and with registered address in 28020 Madrid, at Street Orense 34, 10th floor.

At 19 December 2019, the company *Patron Mosa, S.à r.l.,* (a company stablished in Luxembourg) acquired 100% of the Company's equity units¹ to the then Sole Shareholder *AD Iberia Management, S.L.U.* through a deed of sale executed before the Notary Public of Barcelona, Mr. Camilo-José Sexto Presas, under number 3.845 of his official records. Therefore, the appropriate deed of change of the Company's Sole Shareholder was executed on the same date, before the Notary Public of Barcelona, Mr. Camilo-José Sexto Presas, under number 3.847 of his official records.

At 19 November 2020, *Patron Mosa*, *S.à r.l.* (hereinafter, the "**Sole Shareholder**") decided to change the registered address to Street Beethoven 15, 7th floor, in 08021 Barcelona. And this is currently the business office and tax address of the Company.

On 13 October 2021, the Sole Shareholder of the Company decided, among other things, to transform the business into a joint stock company ("sociedad anónima") and to change the Company's name - *Vandor SPV 2019, S.L.U.*- to *Vandor Real Estate SOCIMI, S.A.U.* These resolutions were executed through a public deed before the Notary Public of Barcelona, Mr. Camilo-José Sexto Presas on 25 October 2021 under numbers 3.214 y 3.215 of his official records, respectively.

The main corporate purpose of the Company is to carry out the following activities, either in the national territory or abroad:

- the acquisition and promotion of urban real estate for lease, including the activity of rehabilitation of buildings under the terms established in Law 37/1992, of 28 December, on value added tax;
- b) the holding of equity units in the capital of public limited investment companies listed on the property market (hereinafter, SOCIMIs²) or in the capital of other entities not resident in the Spanish territory which have the same corporate purpose as the former, and which are subject to a regime similar to the one established for such SOCIMIs as regards the mandatory, legal or statutory policy for the distribution of profits;
- c) the holding of equity units in the capital of other entities, both resident and non-resident in the Spanish territory, whose main corporate purpose is the acquisition of urban real estate for lease and which are subject to the same regime established for SOCIMIs as regards the mandatory, legal or statutory policy for the distribution of profits and comply with the investment requirements stipulated for these companies; and
- d) the holding of shares or equity units in real estate collective investment institutions governed by Law 35/2003, of 4 November, on Collective Investment Institutions, or any regulation replacing it in the future.

¹ Translator's note: "Participaciones" are shares in Spanish private limited companies ("sociedades limitadas" or "S.L."). Since the law expressly prohibits "participaciones" from being called "shares", the term "equity units" has been used instead.

² Translator's note: "SOCIMIs" are a Spanish legal form meaning "public limited investment companies listed on the property market", and are roughly equivalent to "real estate investment trusts" or "REITs".

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Notes to the Abbreviated Annual Accounts

19 December 2022

e) Additionally, together with the economic activity resulting from the main corporate purpose, the Company may perform other accessory activities, taking as such those whose income represent, as a whole, less than 20% of the revenue of the Company at each tax period, or those which may be considered secondary, according to the law applicable at each time.

The activities included in the corporate purpose may be carried out indirectly by the Company, in total or in part, through the ownership of shares or equity units in companies pursuing an identical or similar purpose.

The direct and, where applicable, indirect performance of any activities which are reserved under special legislation are excluded. If legal provisions demand a professional qualification, administrative authorisation, entry in a public register or any other requirement in order to carry out any of the activities included in the corporate purpose, then such activities may not be initiated until the professional or administrative requirements have been met.

At the date of this abridget annual accounts, the Sole Shareholder of the Company is Patron Mosa, S.à.r.l., a company domiciled in Luxembourg.

At 19 December 2022 and 2021, the Company has no contracts with its Sole Partner.

Law 11/2009 on SOCIMIS

At 20 December 2019, the Sole Shareholder decided for the Company to opt for the application of the special tax regime of the Public Limited Investment Companies Listed on the Property Market ("SOCIMIs"), governed by Law 11/2009, of 26 October, regulating SOCIMIs, modified by Law 16/2012, of 27 December (hereinafter, the "SOCIMI Law"). A communication was sent to the Spanish State Tax Administration Agency on the same date to notify the Company's decision to opt for the aforementioned special tax regime of SOCIMIs, that would apply to tax periods starting as of 20 December 2019.

The corporate purpose of the Company falls within the corporate purposes stipulated by article 2 of the SOCIMI Law.

Likewise, article 3 of the SOCIMI Law establishes the following requirements for investment:

- SOCIMIs must have at least 80 percent of their assets value invested in urban real estate destined
 for lease, in land for developing real estate that will be destined for such purpose, provided that the
 development begins within three years following acquisition, as well as in holdings in the capital or
 equity of other entities whose business purpose is also the acquisition and promotion of urban real
 estate for lease.
 - This percentage shall be calculated on the consolidated balance sheet, in the case of a group's parent company, pursuant to the criteria established in article 42 of the Spanish Code of Commerce, irrespective of its place of residence and of the obligation to prepare consolidated financial statements. Such group will be exclusively made up by SOCIMIs and the other entities referred to in section 1 of article 2 of the SOCIMI Law (companies whose main corporate purpose is the acquisition and promotion of urban real estate for lease). At 19 December 2022 and 2021 such percentage has been complied with.
- 2. Likewise, at least 80 percent of the income from the tax period of each fiscal year, excluding any income deriving from the transfer of equity units and real property, both subject to complying with their main corporate purpose, once the maintenance period referred to in the following section has elapsed, must originate from:
 - (a) the leasing of real estate in compliance with its main business purpose, to individuals or entities which do not fall into any of the circumstances described in article 42 of the Spanish Code of Commerce, irrespective of their residence, and/or

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Notes to the Abbreviated Annual Accounts 19 December 2022

(b) dividends or profit-sharing from equity units derived from compliance with its main business purpose.

This percentage shall be calculated on the basis of the consolidated profit, if the company is a group's parent company, according to the criteria established in article 42 of the Code of Commerce, irrespective of its place of residence and of the obligation to prepare consolidated annual statements. Such group shall be solely comprised of SOCIMIs and the other entities referred to in section 1 of article 2 of the SOCIMI Law. At 19 December 2022 and 2021 such percentage has been complied with.

The properties integrating the Company's assets must remain leased for at least three years. For
calculation purposes, the time when the properties have been offered for lease shall be counted,
up to a maximum of one year.

The term shall be calculated as follows:

- (a) In the case of real estate included in the Company's equity prior to joining this regime, since the beginning of the first tax period in which the special tax regime set forth in the SOCIMI Law is applied, provided that on said date the property was leased or offered for lease. Otherwise, the provisions described in the next paragraph shall apply.
- (b) In the case of real estate subsequently developed or acquired by the Company, from the date on which they were leased or offered for lease for the first time.

In the case of shares or equity units in the capital of entities referred to in section 1 of article 2 of the SOCIMI Law, they must remain in the Company's assets for at least three years since their acquisition or, as appropriate, since the beginning of the first tax period in which the special tax regime described in such Law is applied.

Likewise, articles 4 and 5 of the SOCIMI Law also establish the following requirements:

- 1. Shares in a SOCIMI must be admitted to trading in a regulated market or in a multilateral trading facility in Spain or in any other member state of the European Union or the European Economic Area, or in a regulated market of any country or territory with which there is an effective exchange of tax information, which goes uninterrupted throughout the tax period.
 - Shares in a SOCIMI must be of a nominal nature.
 - In this sense, all the Company's shares were admitted to trading on 17 December 2021, in the Access segment of Euronext Paris. This requirement has therefore been fulfilled.
- 2. SOCIMIs must have a minimum share capital of 5 million euros. This amount has been met by *Vandor Real Estate SOCIMI*, *S.A.*U., and this requirement has therefore been met.

Any non-monetary contributions for the incorporation or capital increase that are carried out by way of real property must be assessed at the time of their contribution, in compliance with the provisions of article 38 of the Revised Text of the Spanish Law on Capital Companies. To that end, the independent expert appointed by the Companies Registrar must be one of the appraisal companies described in the legislation for the mortgage market. Likewise, an assessment shall be requested from one of the designated appraisal companies for any non-monetary contribution that is carried out in buildings for the incorporation or capital increase of the entities described in paragraph c) of article 2.1 of said Law.

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Notes to the Abbreviated Annual Accounts

19 December 2022

There may only be one class of shares, and such condition is already met by the Company, since its equity units belong to a single class and series.

Since the Company has opted for the special tax regime of SOCIMIs, its corporate name has included the caption «Sociedad Cotizada de Inversión en el Mercado Inmobiliario, Sociedad Anónima» or its abbreviation, «SOCIMI, S.A.».

The Company has therefore complied with this requirement.

- 3. Furthermore, as described in article 6 of the SOCIMI Law, SOCIMIs and entities resident in the Spanish territory in which the former have interest and who have opted to apply the special tax regime established by such SOCIMI Law, must distribute to their shareholders as dividends -once the relevant mercantile obligations have been fulfilled-, the profit obtained in the fiscal year, and their distribution must be agreed upon within a period of six months since the closure of each fiscal year, as follows:
 - 100% of the profits from dividends or profit-sharing distributed by the entities subject to such regime.
 - 50% of the profits deriving from the transfer of properties and shares or equity units, carried out once the periods established in the investment requirements have elapsed, and the rest of such profits must be reinvested within three years of their transfer; and failing this, they must be entirely distributed.
 - At least 80% of the remaining profits obtained.

The Company has generated losses during the fiscal year ended on 19 December 2022 and, therefore, will not distribute dividends in fiscal year 2023.

Likewise, it is expressly stated that the Company generated losses during the fiscal year ended on 19 December 2021, and for this reason it also did not distribute dividends in fiscal year 2022.

As described in the first transitional provision of the SOCIMI Law, a choice can be made to apply the special tax regime of SOCIMIs under the terms set forth in article 8 of such Law, even if the conditions required therein are not complied with, as long as those requirements are fulfilled within a period of two years following the date when the choice to apply such regime was made.

In this sense, at 19 December 2022 all the requirements established by the SOCIMI Law have been complied with.

Non-compliance of those conditions would mean that the Company would, instead, pay taxes under the general regime of the corporate income tax as of the tax period when such incompliance became apparent, unless it was rectified on the following fiscal year. Besides, the Company would be required to pay, together with the tax liability of such tax period, the difference between the tax liability payable for such tax under the general regime and the tax liability that was paid under the special tax regime in prior tax periods, notwithstanding any interest on arrears, surcharges and penalties that, where relevant, may apply.

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Notes to the Abbreviated Annual Accounts

19 December 2022

The tax rate of the corporate income tax applicable to SOCIMIs is 0%. However, if dividends distributed by the SOCIMI to shareholders with an ownership percentage of 5% or more are exempt or taxed at an effective rate of less than 10%, the SOCIMI shall be subject to a special levy of 19%, that will have the consideration of corporation tax liability, on the amount of the dividend distributed to said shareholders. If applicable, this special levy must be paid by the SOCIMI within two months from the date of the agreement to distribute dividends.

(2) Basis of presentation

(a) Fair presentation

These annual accounts have been prepared on the basis of the Company's accounting records, according to the current mercantile legislation and to the regulations set forth in the Spanish General Accounting Plan approved by Royal Decree 1514/2007, of 16 November, which has been subject to many amendments since its publicaion. The last changes were incorporated by Royal Decree 1/2021, of 12 January and its implementing rules, in order to offer a true and fair view of the equity and financial position of the Company at 19 December 2022, as well as the results of its operations, the changes in equity and the cash-flows for the fiscal year ended on 19 December 2022.

The Company's board of directors considers that the abbreviated annual accounts for fiscal year 2022, which were prepared on 17 March 2023, shall be approved by the Sole Shareholder without any amendment.

(b) Comparative information

On January 30, 2021, Royal Decree 1/2021, of January 12, was published, which modifies the General Accounting Plan approved by Royal Decree 1514/2007, of November 16. The changes to the Spanish General Accounting Plan are applicable to the years beginning on or after January 1, 2021 and are mainly focused on the criteria for recognition, assessment and breakdown of income and financial instruments, although they have not affected significantly to these abridged annual accounts.

The standard establishes a new revenue recognition model derived from contracts with customers, where revenue must be recognized based on compliance with performance obligations to customers. Ordinary income represents the transfer of promised goods or services to customers for an amount that reflects the consideration to which the Company expects to be entitled in exchange for said goods and services.

The Board of Directors of the Company has reviewed the internal revenue recognition policies for the different types of contracts with customers, identifying the performance obligations, determining the schedule for satisfying these obligations, the price of the transaction and their allocation, with the objective of identifying possible differences with the income recognition model of the new standard, without finding significant differences between the two or compliance obligations that would give rise to the recognition of liabilities for contracts with customers.

Despite the changes described above, which have not had a significant impact on these annual accounts, the abbreviated annual accounts are presented for comparative purposes, with each of the items on the abbreviated balance sheet, the profit and loss account abbreviated annual accounts and the abbreviated report, in addition to the figures for the year 2022, those corresponding to the previous year, which were part of the abbreviated annual accounts for the year 2021 approved by the sole shareholder on date 19 of December of 2022.

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Notes to the Abbreviated Annual Accounts

19 December 2022

(c) Functional currency and presentation currency

These abbreviated annual accounts are presented in euros with two decimals, which is the functional currency and the presentation currency of the Company.

(d) Critical issues regarding the measurement and estimation of uncertainties and relevant judgments on the implementation of accounting policies

Preparing this abbreviated balance sheet required the use of relevant accounting estimates, as well as making judgments, estimates and assumptions in the process of implementing the Company's accounting policies. In this sense, the aspects involving a higher degree of judgment or complexity are summarised hereinafter:

- Estimations of the useful life of real estate investments imply a high degree of judgment by the management, based on historical experience and the analysis carried out by technicians of the Company.
- The recoverable amount of real estate investments is based on assessments performed by independent experts.
- Estimates of value corrections on receivables due to default or insolvency

Likewise, even though the estimates made by the Company have been calculated according to the best information available at 19 December 2022, it is possible that events that may occur in the future call for their amendment in future fiscal years. The effect of any amendments which, where appropriate, would derive from adjustments to be made in future fiscal years would be recognised prospectively.

(3) Recognition and measurement standards

(a) Transactions, balances and cash flows in foreign currency

Transactions in foreign currency are recognised in the accounts at their countervalue in euros, by using the exchange rates applicable at the time when the operations were carried out.

Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currency are translated to the current exchange rate at the date of the balance sheet. Exchange differences, both positive and negative, stemming from this process, as well as those appearing from cancellation of the balances from transactions in foreign currency, are recognised in the abbreviated profit and loss account, as income or expense, as appropriate, at the time when they are incurred.

(b) Intangible assets

Assets included in intangible assets are recognised at their purchase price. Intangible assets are measured in the consolidated balance sheet at cost value less any accumulated depreciation and value corrections due to impairment.

(i) Subsequent costs

Costs subsequently incurred in the intangible assets are recognised as expenses, unless they increase the future economic benefits expected from the assets.

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Notes to the Abbreviated Annual Accounts 19 December 2022

(ii) Useful life and depreciation

Items of intangible assets are depreciated on a systematic basis by distributing their depreciable amount across their useful life, by applying the following criteria:

	Depreciation method	Estimated years of useful life
Computer software	Straight-line	4

(c) Property, plant and equipment

(i) Initial recognition

Assets included in property, plant and equipment are recognised at their purchase price or at their production cost. Elements of the property, plant and equipment are measured in the balance sheet at cost value less any accumulated depreciation and value corrections due to impairment.

(ii) Depreciation

Items of property, plant and equipment are depreciated on a systematic basis by distributing their depreciable amount across their useful life. In this sense, the 'depreciable amount' is taken as the purchase price less its residual value. The Company determines the depreciation expense separately for each component when there is a significant cost with regard to the total cost total of the asset and with a useful life that differs from that of the remainder of the asset.

Depreciation of property, plant and equipment items is determined by applying the criteria described hereinafter:

	Depreciation method	Estimated years of useful life
Technical installations and other items	Straight-line	10
Furniture	Straight-line	10
Computer hardware	Straight-line	4

In this sense, the "depreciable amount" is considered to be the purchase price less, where applicable, its residual value.

The Company reviews the residual value, useful life and depreciation method of the property, plant and equipment at each year end. Any modification in the criteria initially established are recognised as a change in estimation.

(iii) Subsequent costs

After the initial recognition of assets, costs incurred are only capitalised to the extent that they imply an increase in capacity, productivity or an extension of useful life, and the book value of items that are replaced must be derecognised. In this sense, costs deriving from daily maintenance of property, plant and equipment are recognised in profit or loss as incurred.

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The Company assesses and determines value adjustments for impairment and reversal of impairment losses in property, plant and equipment according to the criteria described in the following section.

(d) Investment property

The Company classifies under this heading the buildings, including those under construction or in development, intended -in total or in part- to obtain income, capital gains or both, instead of using them for the production or supply of goods or services, or else for administrative purposes of the Company or their sale in the ordinary course of business.

Buildings which are under construction or in development for future use as real estate investment, are classified as "Real estate investment - Investment in adaptation and advances" until they have been finished. However, works for extension or improvement of investment property are classified as investment property.

Assets included in investment property are initially recognised at their purchase price or at their production cost. The purchase price includes the amount invoiced by the seller after deducting any discount, rebate or other similar items, as well as the interest added to the nominal amount of payables, plus any additional expenses incurred until the goods are ready for sale and other expenses directly attributable to the acquisition. Subsequently to their initial recognition, assets are depreciated and, where appropriate, are subject to value adjustment for impairment.

Advances on account of investment property are initially recognised at cost. In subsequent fiscal years and provided that the period between payment and reception of the asset exceeds one year, the advances bear interest at the supplier's incremental rate.

Assets acquired, in total or in part, in exchange for a contingent consideration include in the purchase price the best estimation of the current value of said consideration. Changes in the estimation of the contingent consideration are recognised as an adjustment in the value of assets. If changes relate to variables such as interest rates or CPI, they are treated as an adjustment to the effective interest rate.

Real estate investments are depreciated by distributing their depreciable amount systematically across their useful life. In this sense, the 'depreciable amount' is taken as the purchase price less its residual value. The Company determines the depreciation expense separately for each component when there is a significant cost with regard to the total cost of the asset and with a useful life that differs from that of the remainder of the asset.

Depreciation of real estate investments is determined by applying the criteria described hereinafter:

	Depreciation method	Estimated years of useful life	
ldings	Straight-line	50	

(e) Impairment of non-financial assets subject to amortisation or depreciation

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The Company applies the criterion of evaluating whether there are indications of possible impairment losses on non-financial assets subject to amortisation or depreciation, to verify whether the book value of said assets exceeds their recoverable amount, understood as the higher of the assets' fair value, less costs of sale, and their value in use. Such analysis is mainly performed on the basis of assessments by independent experts.

Impairment losses are recognised, where appropriate, in the abbreviated profit and loss account. At each year end, the Company measures whether there is any indication that the impairment loss recognised in previous fiscal years no longer exists or has been reduced. Impairment losses on remaining assets are only reversed if there is a change in the estimations applied to determine the recoverable value of the asset.

Reversal of an impairment loss is shown as credit in the abbreviated profit and loss account. However, the reversal of the loss cannot increase the book value of the asset in excess of the book value which would have been obtained, net of depreciation, had no impairment been recorded.

Once the value correction due to impairment or its reversal has been recognised, the depreciations of the following fiscal years are adjusted taking the new book value into account. Notwithstanding the above, if the specific circumstances of the assets reveal there is an irreversible loss, this is directly recognised as losses on fixed assets in the profit and loss account.

(f) Leases

(i) Lessor accounting records

The Company has transferred the right to use all the properties mentioned in note 6 under lease contracts. Lease contracts whereby the Company transfers substantially the risks and rewards incidental to ownership of assets to third parties are classified as financial leases. Otherwise, they are classified as operating leases.

In view of the nature of the lease contracts entered into by the Company regarding the buildings mentioned in note 6, such contracts must be considered as operating leases.

Operating leases

Assets leased to third parties under operating lease contracts are accounted for according to their nature, by using the accounting principles applied for investment property.

Revenue from operating leases, net of any incentives granted, is recognised in income on a straight-line basis over the lease term, unless another systematic basis is more representative of the time pattern in which use benefit derived from the leased asset is diminished.

The book value of the leased asset shall be increased by the initial direct costs of the lease, which are recognised as an expense over the lease term by using the same criteria as for the recognition of lease income.

Contingent lease payments are recognised as income when it is probable that they will be obtained, which generally occurs when the contract's conditions are complied with.

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(g) Financial instruments

(i) Classification and separation of financial instruments

The financial assets held by the Company are classified into the following categories:

1. Financial assets at amortized cost: includes financial assets, including those admitted to trading on an organized market, for which the Company maintains the investment in order to receive the cash flows derived from the execution of the contract, and the contractual conditions of the asset give rise, on specified dates, to cash flows that are solely receipts of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding.

In general, the following are included in this category:

- Credits for commercial operations: originated in the sale of goods or in the provision of services for traffic operations with deferred collection, and
- Credits for non-commercial operations: they come from loan or credit operations granted by the Company whose collections are of a determined or determinable amount.
- 2. Financial assets at fair value through equity: this category includes financial assets whose contractual conditions give rise, on specified dates, to cash flows that are solely receipts of principal and interest on the outstanding principal amount, and they are not kept for trading nor are they classified in the previous category. Investments in equity instruments irrevocably designated by the Company at the time of their initial recognition will also be included in this category, as long as they are not held for trading or must not be valued at cost.
- 3. Financial assets at cost: the following investments are included in this category: a) equity instruments of Group companies, jointly controlled entities and associates; b) equity instruments whose fair value cannot be reliably determined, and the derivatives underlying these investments; c) hybrid financial assets whose fair value cannot be reliably estimated, unless the requirements for their accounting at amortized cost are met; d) contributions made in joint account contracts and similar; e) participating loans with contingent interest; f) financial assets that should be classified in the following category but their fair value cannot be reliably estimated.

Group companies are considered to be those linked to the Company by a relationship of control, and associated companies are those over which the Company exercises significant influence. Additionally, the multi-group category includes those companies over which, by virtue of an agreement, joint control is exercised with one or more partners.

4. Financial assets at fair value in the profit and loss account: includes financial assets held for trading and those financial assets that have not been classified in any of the previous categories. Also included in this category are financial assets that the Company so optionally designates at the time of initial recognition, which otherwise would have been included in another category, because such designation eliminates or significantly reduces a valuation inconsistency in accounting asymmetry. otherwise.

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(ii) Initial valuation

Financial assets are recorded, in general terms, initially at the fair value of the consideration given plus the transaction costs that are directly attributable. However, transaction costs directly attributable to assets recorded at fair value with changes in the profit and loss account will be recognized in the profit and loss account for the year.

Likewise, in the case of investments in the equity of Group companies that grant control over the subsidiary company, the fees paid to legal advisors or other professionals related to the acquisition of the investment are charged directly to the profit and loss account.

(iii) Subsequent valuation

Financial assets at amortized cost will be recorded applying said valuation criteria, allocating accrued interest to the profit and loss account by applying the effective interest rate method.

Financial assets included in the fair value through equity category will be recorded at their fair value, without deducting any transaction costs that may be incurred in their disposal. Changes that occur in fair value will be recorded directly in equity, until the financial asset is removed from the balance sheet or deteriorates, at which time the amount thus recognized will be charged to the profit and loss account.

Investments classified in category c) above are valued at cost, lessened, where appropriate, by the accumulated amount of value corrections for impairment. Said corrections are calculated as the difference between its book value and the recoverable amount, understood as the greater amount between its fair value less costs to sell and the present value of future cash flows derived from the investment. Unless there is better evidence of the recoverable amount of the investments in equity instruments, the net worth of the investee is taken into account, corrected by the unrealized gains existing on the valuation date, net of the tax effect.

Financial assets at fair value with changes in the profit and loss account are valued at fair value, recording the result of changes in said fair value in the profit and loss account.

(iv) Impairment

At least at the end of the financial year, the Company performs an "impairment test" for financial assets that are not recorded at fair value with changes in the profit and loss account. Objective evidence of impairment is considered to exist if the recoverable amount of the financial asset is less than its book value. In any case, for equity instruments at fair value with changes in equity, it will be presumed that there is impairment in the event of a drop of one and a half years or of 40% in their price, without value recovery having occurred. The recording of impairment is recorded in the profit and loss account.

In particular, and with respect to value corrections relating to financial assets at amortized cost, the criteria used by the Company to calculate the corresponding value corrections, if any, is determined by analyzing the age of the debt, considering as a general rule recognize a provision for uncollectible balances older than 180 days.

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The Company derecognizes financial assets when the rights to the cash flows of the corresponding financial asset expire or have been assigned and the risks and rewards inherent to their ownership have been substantially transferred, such as firm sales of assets, assignments of commercial credits in "factoring" operations in which the company does not retain any credit or interest risk or financial asset securitizations in which the ceding company does not retain subordinated financing or grant any type of guarantee or assume any other type of risk.

On the contrary, the Company does not derecognize financial assets, and recognizes a financial liability for an amount equal to the consideration received, in the assignment of financial assets in which the risks and rewards inherent to their ownership are substantially retained, such such as the discount of bills, "recourse factoring", sales of financial assets with repurchase agreements at a fixed price or at the sale price plus interest and the securitization of financial assets in which the ceding company retains subordinated financing or other types of guarantees that substantially absorb all expected losses.

(v) Classification of the Company's equity units issued

As explained in note 1 of the notes to the financial statements, according to article 6 of the SOCIMI Law, the SOCIMIs and entities resident in the Spanish territory in which they hold interest which have chosen to apply the special tax regime established by said Law, must distribute by way of dividends to their shareholders, once the appropriate mercantile obligations have been met, the profit obtained for the fiscal year, and its distribution must be decided within six months after each year end.

The mentioned obligation to distribute profits is understood as stemming from a legal -and not a contractual- obligation, and from having voluntarily chosen a special tax regime. It is a self-imposed legal obligation. The definition of financial liability is therefore not met and the equity instruments issued by the parent company are classified as equity instruments. In the same way, the distribution of profits is recognised as a reduction of equity when it is legally enforceable.

(vi) Offsetting principles

A financial asset and a financial liability can only be offset when the Company has a legally enforceable right to set off the recognised amounts and intends to settle them for their net value, or to realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

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(vii) Financial liabilities

A financial liability is recognized on the balance sheet when the Company becomes an obligated party to the contract or legal transaction in accordance with its provisions.

The financial liabilities assumed or incurred by the Company are classified in the following valuation categories:

Financial liabilities at amortized cost: are those debits and payables that the Company
has and that have originated in the purchase of goods and services for traffic operations
of the company, or those that, without having a commercial origin, do not Being
derivative instruments, they come from loan or credit operations received by the
Company.

These liabilities are initially valued at the fair value of the consideration received, adjusted for directly attributable transaction costs. Subsequently, said liabilities are valued according to their amortized cost.

Financial liabilities at fair value with changes in the profit and loss account.

Liability derivative financial instruments are valued at fair value, following the same criteria as those corresponding to financial assets at fair value through profit and loss described in the previous section.

Assets and liabilities are presented separately in the balance sheet and are only presented at their net amount when the company has the enforceable right to offset the amounts recognized and, in addition, intends to settle the amounts net or to realize the asset and cancel the liability simultaneously.

The Company derecognizes financial liabilities when the obligations that generated them are extinguished.

(h) Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents include cash on hand and bank deposits at sight in credits institutions. This concept also includes other short-term, highly liquid investments as long as they are readily convertible to known amounts of cash and are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value.

(i) Provisions

Provisions are recognised when the Company has a present obligation -be it legal, contractual, implicit or tacit-, arising from past events; when it is probable that an outflow of resources embodying future economic benefits will be required to settle such obligation; and when the amount of the obligation can be reliably estimated.

Provisions are reversed against results when it is not probable that an outflow of resources will be required to settle such obligation. The financial effect of provisions is recognised as finance expenses in the profit and loss account.

(j) Revenue from the sale of goods and rendering of services

Income from the sale of goods or services is recognized at the fair value of the consideration received or to be received derived from them. Discounts for early payment, volume or other types of discounts, as well as interest incorporated into the face value of the loans, are recorded as a reduction thereof.

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However, the Company does not include the interest included in commercial loans with a maturity of not more than one year that does not have a contractual interest rate, when the effect of not updating the cash flows is not significant.

Discounts granted to customers are recognized when it is probable that the conditions determining their granting will be met as a reduction in sales revenue.

Advances on account of future sales are valued at the value received. The advances whose application is going to take place in the long term, are subject to financial updating at the end of each financial year based on the market interest rate at the time of their initial recognition.

(k) Rendering of services

Revenue derived from the provision of services is recognized considering the degree of completion at the closing date when the amount of the income; the degree of completion; the costs already incurred and those pending to be incurred can be reliably valued and it is probable that the economic benefits derived from the provision of the service will be received. In the recognition of income, a five-step model must be applied to determine the moment in which they must be recognized, as well as their amount:

- 1. Identify the client's contracts.
- 2. Identify performance obligations.
- 3. Determine the price of the transaction.
- 4. Assignment of the transaction price to the different performance obligations.
- 5. Recognition of income according to the fulfillment of each obligation.

(I) Corporate income tax

Corporate income tax expense or revenue includes both current taxes and deferred taxes.

Assets or liabilities relating to current corporate income tax are measured at the amounts that are expected to be paid or received from the fiscal authorities, using the regulations and taxation rates in force or approved and pending publication at the end of the fiscal year.

Current or deferred income tax expense is recognised in profit or loss, unless it arises from a transaction or economic event that is recognised in the same or another fiscal year, against net equity or a business combination.

Tax deductions and other advantages on the corporate income tax granted by Public Administrations as a reduction in the amount of tax payable are recognised as less expense in the income tax for the fiscal year in which they accrue.

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As described in note 1, the Company has opted for the regime of SOCIMIs, governed by the SOCIMI Law. In this sense, in order to fulfill certain requirements established by said law, the Company is taxed at a rate of 0 percent in the corporate income tax. Requirements that must be met are described in note 1 of the section "Law 11/2009 on SOCIMIs". Accordingly, article 10 of said SOCIMI Law also governs the special tax regime of shareholders, and particularly the dividends distributed and charged to profits or reserves in relation to which the special tax regime established in such law have been applied, as well as any revenues obtained from the transfer or repayment of the holding in the capital of companies having chosen to apply said regime.

The Company's board of directors monitors compliance of the requirements established in the SOCIMI Law, in order to retain its fiscal advantages. The board considers that such requirements shall be met in the established terms and time frames, and the corporate income tax for the fiscal year shall be recognised accordingly.

(i) Recognition of taxable temporary differences

Taxable temporary differences are recognised in all cases, except when they:

- Arise from the initial recognition of goodwill or of an asset or liability in a transaction that is not a business combination and which at the date of the transaction has not affected the accounting profit or the taxable income.
- Correspond to differences associated with investments in subsidiaries, associates and multigroup companies and joint ventures in which the Company is able to control the reversal timing of the temporary differences and they are not likely to be reversed in the foreseeable future
- (ii) Recognition of deductible temporary differences, tax credits and tax loss carryforwards The Company recognises the relevant deferred tax assets arising from all deductible temporary differences, unused tax credits and tax loss carryforwards pending offset, to the extent that it is probable that the Company will obtain future tax profits to allow these assets to be applied.

The Company does not recognise any deferred tax asset related to any deductible temporary differences which:

- Arise from the initial recognition of assets or liabilities in a transaction that is not a business combination and at the date of the transaction affects neither the accounting profit nor the taxable income.
- Correspond to temporary differences associated with investments in subsidiaries and joint ventures to the extent that temporary differences will be reversed in the foreseeable future and future taxable profit is expected to be available to offset the differences.

(iii) Measurement

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply to the fiscal years when the assets are realised or the liabilities are settled, based on the regulations and tax rates in force or approved and pending publication, and reflecting the fiscal consequences that would follow from the manner in which the Company expects to recover the assets or settle the liabilities.

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(iv) Offsetting and classification

The Company only offsets assets and liabilities relating to income tax expense if there is a legal right to offset them regarding the tax authorities and intends to settle the amounts arising at their net amount or else realise the assets and settle the liabilities simultaneously.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are recognised in the balance sheet as non-current assets or liabilities, irrespective of the date in which the realisation or settlement is expected to take place.

(m) Classification of assets and liabilities as current and non-current

The Company presents the abbreviated balance sheet classifying assets and liabilities as current and non-current. In this sense, current assets or liabilities are those which meet the following criteria:

- Assets are classified as current when they are expected to be realised, sold or consumed within the current operating cycle of the Company, are mainly held for trading purposes, are expected to be realised within a period of twelve months after the year end or are cash or other liquid equivalent assets, except in those cases where they may not be exchanged or used to settle a liability, at least within the twelve months following the year end.
- In the same way, liabilities are classified as current when they are expected to be settled within
 the current operating cycle of the Company, are mainly held for trading or have to be settled
 within a period of twelve months since the year end.
- In this sense, financial liabilities are classified as current when they must be settled within the twelve months following the year end, even if the original maturity exceeded twelve months and a refinancing or restructuring agreement for long-term payments exists which has been executed after the year end and before the annual accounts have been prepared.

(n) Environment

The Company carries out operations with the main objective to prevent, reduce or repair the damage that may be caused to the environment as a result of its activities.

Expenses derived from environmental activities are recognised as "Other operating expenses" in the fiscal year in which they are incurred.

(o) Transactions between group companies and associates

Transactions between group companies and associates, except those related to mergers, spinoffs and non-monetary business contributions, are recognised at fair value of the consideration given or received. The difference between such value and the amount agreed upon is recognised according to the underlying economic substance.

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(4) Risk policy and management

(a) Financial risk factors

The Company's activities are exposed to several financial risks: market risk (including fair value interest rate risk and price risk), credit risk, liquidity risk and cash flow interest rate risk. The global risk management programme of the Company focuses on the uncertainty of the financial markets and tries to minimise the potential adverse effects of such risks on the Company's financial profitability. The Company uses derivatives to hedge certain risks.

Risk management is controlled by the Management in accordance with the policies approved by the Sole Shareholder, which identifies, assesses and covers financial risks in close cooperation with the Company's operating units. The Sole Shareholder provides policies for the global risk management, as well as for specific subjects such as: interest rate risk, liquidity risk and investment of surplus liquidity.

(i) Credit risk

The Company does not have significant concentrations of credit risk. Transactions in derivatives and cash transactions are only carried out with financial institutions with high credit ratings. The Company has policies in place to limit the amount of risk with any financial institution.

A high degree of judgment is required for value corrections due to client insolvency, review of individual balances based on customers' credit ratings, current market trends and historical analysis of insolvencies at aggregate level.

(ii) Liquidity risk

The Company applies a prudent management of its liquidity risk, based on maintaining sufficient cash [and] the availability of financing through a sufficient level of committed credit facilities.

The classification of financial assets and liabilities by contractual maturities is shown in Annexes I and II.

(iii) Cash flow and fair value interest rate risks

The Company's interest rate risk arises from external resources. External resources issued at variable rates expose the Company to cash flow interest rate risk. External resources at fixed interest rates expose the Company to fair value interest rate risks.

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(5) Intangible assets and property, plant and equipment

The composition and movements of the accounts included in Intangible Assets were as follows:

	Euro	S
	19.12.2	022
Description	Computer software	Total
Cost at 20 December 2021	26,104.00	26,104.00
Additions	3,542.00	3,542.00
Cost at 19 December 2022	29,646.00	29,646.00
Accumulated depreciation at 20 December 2021	(3,343.45)	(3,343.45)
Additions Accumulated depreciation at 19 December 2022	(6,609.65) (9,953.10)	(6,609.65) (9,953.10)
Net book value at 19 December 2022	19,692.90	19,692.90

Additions in fiscal year 2022 relate to the acquisition of SAP software licensing for the accounting and financial management.

	Eu	Euros			
	19.12	.2021			
Description	Computer software	Total			
Cost at 20 December 2020	_	_			
Additions	26,104.00	26,104.00			
Cost at 20 December 2021	26,104.00	26,104.00			
Accumulated depreciation at 20 December 2020		_			
Additions	(3,343.45)	(3,343.45)			
Accumulated depreciation at 19 December 2021	(3,343.45)	(3,343.45)			
Net book value at 19 December 2021	22,760.55	22,760.55			

The additions in the 2021 financial year corresponded to the acquisition of SAP software licenses for accounting and financial management.

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The composition and movements of the accounts included in Property, Plant and Equipment were as follows:

	Euros				
		19.12.2022			
Description	Technical installations and other items	Furniture	Computer hardware	Advance payments and construction in progress	Total
Cost at 20 December 2021	32,530.86	1,000,568.54	10,591.90	-	1,043,691.30
Additions	10,186.80	1,052,529.86	5,389.03	89,724.29	1,157,829.98
Cost at 19 December 2022	42,717.66	2,053,098.40	15,980.93	89,724.29	2,201,521.28
Accumulated depreciation at 20 December 2021	(1,598.51)	(2,611.15)	(797.03)	-	(5,006.69)
Additions	(9,291.55)	(12,329.89)	(3,221.35)	-	(24,842.79)
Accumulated depreciation at 19 December 2022	(10,890.06)	(14,941.04)	(4,018.38)	-	(29,849.48)
Net book value at 19 December 2022	31,827.60	2,038,157.36	11,962.55	89,724.29	2,171,671.80

Additions in fiscal year 2022 relate to furniture in the investment properties, to furniture and installations in the offices leased by the Company and to the acquisition of laptop computers and monitors.

		Eur	os		
		19.12.2021			
Description	Technical installations and other items	Furniture	Computer hardware	Total	
Cost at 20 December 2020	-	192,950.89	639.15	193,590.04	
Additions	32,530.86	807,617.65	9,952.75	850,101.26	
Cost at 20 December 2021	32,530.86	1,000,568.54	10,591.90	1,043,691.30	
Accumulated depreciation at 20 December 2020 Additions	(1,598.51)	(2,611.15)	(39.73) (757.30)	(39.73) (4,966.96)	
Accumulated depreciation at 19 December 2021	(1,598.51)	(2,611.15)	(797.03)	(5,006.69)	
Net book value at 19 December 2021	30,932.35	997,957.39	9,794.87	1,038,684.61	

Additions in fiscal year 2021 related to furniture in the investment properties, to furniture and installations in the offices leased by the Company and to the acquisition of laptop computers and monitors.

(a) Fully-depreciated assets

At 19 December 2022 and 2021 there were no elements in intangible assets and in property, plant and equipment that were in use and fully depreciated.

(b) Insurance

The Company has taken out several insurance policies to cover the risks which may affect the items under property, plant and equipment and intangible assets. Such policies are considered to offer sufficient coverage.

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(6) Investment property

The composition and movements of the accounts included in investment property were as follows:

	Euros			
		19.12.	2022	
Description	Land	Buildings	Investment in adaptation and advances	Total
Cost at 20 December 2021	16,815,934.51	12,308,860.31	752,241.40	29,877,036.22
Additions	21,182,002.25	8,713,893.24	4,503,123.98	34,399,019.47
Transfers		3,654,249.87	(3,654,249.87)	-
Cost at 19 December 2022	37,997,936.76	24,677,003.42	1,601,115.51	64,276,055.69
Accumulated depreciation at 20 December 2021	-	(224,083.79) (499,833.95)	-	(224,083.79)
Additions Accumulated depreciation at 19 December 2022		(723,917.74)	-	(499,833.95) (723,917.74)
Net book value at 19 December 2022	37,997,936.76	23,953,085.68	1,601,115.51	63,552,137.95

Additions in property investments in fiscal year 2022 mainly include the acquisition of the following buildings, together with the additional costs related to such purchases:

- Acquisition on December 30, 2021 of 11 homes and 2 commercial premises located in the residential building located at Street Entença, 69, Barcelona, for lease, for an amount of 4,705,016.25 euros, including all associated costs.

Said asset, which appears as a real estate investment, is subject to a mortgage with a financial institution, as indicated in note 11.

- Acquisition on March 27, 2022 of 18 homes and a commercial premises located in the residential building located at Avenida Madrid, 110, Barcelona, for lease, for an amount of 3,458,099.26 euros, including all costs associates.

Said asset, which appears as a real estate investment, is subject to a mortgage with a financial institution, as indicated in note 11.

- Acquisition on July 19, 2022 of 5 registration units for tertiary use located in the residential building located at Street Facultades, 2, Valencia, intended for lease, for an amount of 840,400.00 euros, including all associated costs.

Said asset, which appears as a real estate investment, is subject to a mortgage with a financial institution, as indicated in note 11.

- Acquisition on July 26, 2022 of 16 homes and 2 commercial premises located in the residential building located at Street Muntaner, 448, Barcelona, intended for lease, for an amount of 10,541,280.00 euros, including all associated costs.

Said asset, which appears as a real estate investment, is subject to a mortgage with a financial institution, as indicated in note 11.

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- Acquisition on July 28, 2022 of 14 homes and 4 commercial premises located in the residential building located at Street General Concha, 24, Bilbao, intended for lease, for an amount of 6,133,345.00 euros, including all costs associates.

Said asset, which appears as a real estate investment, is subject to a mortgage with a financial institution, as indicated in note 11.

- Acquisition on October 21, 2022 of 12 homes and 1 commercial premises located in the residential building located at Street Concordia, 12, Barcelona, for lease, for an amount of 3,851,750.00 euros, including all associated costs .

Finally, there is an addition for 4,503,123.98 euros, include on "Investment in adaption and advances" of wich 500,000.00 euros is a paid by the Company as down payment for the residential building located at Còrsega street, 396, Barcelona (see Note 19).

Said asset, which appears as a real estate investment, is subject to a mortgage with a financial institution, as indicated in note 11.

	Euros			
		19.12.	2021	
Description	Land	Buildings	Investment in adaptation and advances	Total
Cost at 20 December 2020	9,820,572.45	4,618,956.97	288,773.99	14,728,303.41
Additions	6,995,362.06	7,401,129.35	752,241.40	15,148,732.81
Transfers	-	288,773.99	(288,773.99)	-
Cost at 20 December 2021	16,815,934.51	12,308,860.31	752,241.40	29,877,036.22
Accumulated depreciation at 20 December 2020	-	(67,561.04)	-	(67,561.04)
Additions	-	(156,522.75)	-	(156,522.75)
Accumulated depreciation at 19 December 2021		(224,083.79)	-	(224,083.79)
Net book value at 19 December 2021	16,815,934.51	12,084,776.52	752,241.40	29,652,952.43

Additions in property investments in fiscal year 2021 mainly included the acquisition of the following buildings, together with the additional costs related to such purchases, and to renovate the buildings:

- Acquisition on 2 February 2021 of an estate located in Barcelona, at Street Rocafort 219, consisting
 of two business premises in the ground floor and six floors, with two homes in each of them, intended
 for lease, for an amount of 3,371,946.04 euros, including all the associated costs.
 - Said asset, recorded as property investment, is subject to a mortgage with a financial institution, as explained in note 11.
- Acquisition on 14 April 2021 of twenty-eight homes in a residential building located in Valencia, at Street Rodríguez Cepeda 44, intended for lease, for an amount of 4,499,575.00 euros, including all the associated costs.
 - Said asset, recorded as property investment, is subject to a mortgage with a financial institution, as explained in note 11.
- Acquisition on 15 September 2021 of an estate located in Valencia, at Street Salamanca 46, consisting of sixteen homes intended for lease, for an amount of 2,961,240.00 euros, including all the associated costs.

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Said asset, recorded as property investment, is subject to a mortgage with a financial institution, as explained in note 11.

 Acquisition on 25 November 2021 of an estate located in Valencia, at Street Nave 14, consisting of a business premise and four homes intended for lease, for an amount of 905,017.50 euros, including all the associated costs.

Work in progress at 19 December 2022 and 2021 relates to improvements that were under way in several buildings and homes owned by the Company at the close of said fiscal years.

- (a) Fully-depreciated assets
 - At 19 December 2022 and 2021, there were no elements of fixed assets still in use which were fully depreciated.
- (b) Insurance
 - The Company has taken out several insurance policies to cover the risks which may affect the assets under investment property. Such policies are considered to offer sufficient coverage.
- (c) Mortgaged assets
 - Buildings included in investment property are mortgaged with the loans mentioned in note 11.
- (d) Revenue and expenses deriving from investment property

The breakdown of revenues and expenses generated by items in investment property, is as follows:

	Euros		
	Fiscal Year 2022	Fiscal Year 2021	
Rental income and other operating revenues	1,899,998.53	509,063.35	
Other management revenues	-	7,640.81	
Operating expenses From investments generating income	(721,457.00)	(615,113.96)	
From investments not generating income	(1,571,947.63)	(979,311.79)	
Net	(393,406.10)	(1,077,721.59)	

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(7) Operating leases - Lessor

Future minimum collections under non-cancellable operating leases are as follows:

Up to one year Between 1 and 5 years More than 5 years

Euros			
Fiscal Year	Fiscal Year		
2022	2021		
172,384.68	613,317.74		
69,672.00	235,155.36		
343,626.00	1,067,656.80		
585,682.68	1,916,129.90		

Minimum collections consist of revenues received from customers that have and will have a lease contract in force as of 20 December 2022 and 2021.

(8) Financial assets

The composition of financial assets is as follows:

	N
	Book val
Other assets at fair value through profit and loss	
Derivative financial instruments	267,6
Financial asset at amortised cost	
Deposits and guarantees	115,0
Other financial assets	1,041,93
Trade receivables	
Intercompany trade receivables	
Other debtors	
Total financial assets	1,424,6

	Euros			
	19.12.2022			
No	n-cı	ırrent	Cui	rrent
Book valu	e	Total	Book value	Total
267,656	.28	267,656.28	-	-
115,078	.75	115,078.75	310,000.00	310,000.00
1,041,939	.59	1,041,939.59	-	-
	-	-	222,811.82	222,811.82
			114,357.19	114,357.19
	-	-	2,110.48	2,110.48
1,424,674	.62	1,424,674.62	649,279.49	649,279.49

Other assets at fair value through profit and loss
Derivative financial instruments
Financial asset at amortised cost
Deposits and guarantees
Other financial assets
Trade receivables

Total financial assets

Euros					
	19.12.2021				
Non-cu	ırrent	Current			
Book value	Total	Book value	Total		
22,660.11	22,660.11	-	-		
58,673.56	58,673.56	-	-		
1,365,121.57	1,365,121.57	22,095.85	22,095.85		
-	-	28,204.72	28,204.72		
1,446,455.24	1,446,455,24	50,300.57	50,300.57		
1,1.0,100.21	2,1.0,100121	20,500.57	23,200.27		

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At 19 December 2022 and 2021, the value at which financial assets were recognised did not differ significantly from their fair value.

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Notes to the Abbreviated Annual Accounts

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(a) Derivative financial instruments

On 29 July 2020 the Company concluded with *Caixabank, S.A.* a loan agreement, which includes an interest rates swap to manage its exposure to fluctuations in the interest rate of the loan. The interest rate of said swap is an annual fixed rate of 0.16% and a variable rate based on the 12-month Euribor, payable monthly.

Type of transaction	Start date	<u>Due date</u>	<u>Initial nominal</u> <u>value</u>
Interest rates swap	01/08/2020	01/08/2030	1,650,000.00

The fair value of swaps is based on market values of derivative financial instruments that are equivalent at the balance sheet date. The Group does not apply hedge accounting for those instruments, and their change is recognised at fair value as revenue or expense in the profit and loss account for the fiscal year (profits for an amount of 254,479.30 euros in fiscal year 2022 and 22,660.11 euros in fiscal year 2021).

At 19 December 2022 the value of such derivative amounts to 267,656.28 euros, recognized as a non-current asset (22,660.11 euros at 19 December 2021).

(b) Other financial assets

The non-current financial assets held by the Company at 19 December 2022 relate to guarantees received from customers for the renting of space for an amount of 115,078.75 euros (58,673.56 euros at 19 December 2021) and the Company must deposit said amount in the appropriate body, in this case *Institut Català del Sòl (Incasol)* and the Valencian Tax Agency (*Agencia Tributaria Valenciana - ATV*), by way of the relevant percentage of the guarantees received from leases of the Company's buildings. The amounts deposited by the Company in *Incasol* and the Valencian Tax Agency (*ATV*) are recognised under the heading 'Financial investments, long-term' in the assets of the balance sheet. And, in contrast, the amounts collected by the Company from customers by way of guarantees are recognised under the heading 'Other financial liabilities, long-term' in the liabilities of the balance sheet (see note 11).

Additionally, as of December 19, 2021, the Company has two deposits with the BBVA entity and one deposit with the Bankinter entity for the amount of 365,166.57 euros, linked to the financing of the Rodríguez Cepeda and Salamanca buildings, of which which related to the Bankinter entity has been recovered during the financial year 2022 for an amount of 999,995.00 euros. For its part, during the 2022 financial year, two new deposits have been constituted in the entity BBVA and Banco Pichincha for a total amount of 676,773.02 euros, linked to the financing of the Balmes and Concordia buildings.

(c) Trade and other receivables

The breakdown of trade and other receivables is as follows:

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	Euros		
	19.12.2022	19.12.2021	
	Current	Current	
Trade and other receivables, short-term			
Trade receivables	222,811.82	28,204.72	
Intercompany trade receivables	114,357.19	-	
Impairment	-	-	
Other debtors	2,110.48	-	
Other receivables from Public Administrations	121,552.47	49,305.55	
Total	460,831.96	77,510.27	

Trade receivables not yet due are not considered to be impaired. These receivables relate mainly to a number of independent customers with no recent history of default.

Movements in the provision for impairment losses of trade receivables were as follows:

	Eur 05		
	19.12.2022 19.12.	19.12.2021	
	Current	Current	
Initial balance	-	(7,789.25)	
Additions	(255.52)	-	
Amounts used	255.52	7,789.25	
Final balance	_	_	

Euros

Furos

(d) Classification by maturity

Classification of the financial assets by maturity is shown in Annex I.

(9) Cash and cash equivalents

The composition in the cash balance and other equivalent assets at 19 December 2022 and 2021 is as follows:

	Euros		
	19.12.2022	19.12.2021	
Cash and banks	2,909,977.02	3,035,668.94	
Total	2,909,977.02	3,035,668.94	

(10) Capital and reserves without valuation adjustments

(a) Capital

At 19 December 2019 the Company's share capital consisted of 3,000 equity units with a nominal value of 1.00 euro each, which were fully subscribed and paid, accumulable and indivisible.

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On 23 December 2019, the Company's Sole Shareholder, decided to increase the share capital for a nominal amount of 1,060,000.00 euros, through the issuance of 1,060,000 new equity units, with a nominal value of 1.00 euro each, fully subscribed and paid by the Company's Sole Shareholder, and with a total share premium of 3,180,000.00 euros, at 3.00 euros per equity unit.

On 30 June 2021, the Company's Sole Shareholder decided to increase the share capital for a nominal amount of 3,937,000.00 euros, through the issuance of 3,937,000 new equity units, with a nominal value of 1.00 euro each, and with a total share premium of 12,188,147.75 euros, at 3.09579572009144 euros per equity unit, fully subscribed and paid by the Company's Sole Shareholder through credit compensation, with those credits being of a fixed amount, totally due and payable.

Therefore, at 19 December 2022 and 2021 the share capital consisted of 5,000,000 equity units, of a single class, with a nominal value of 1.00 euro each, fully subscribed and paid.

Those companies having a direct or indirect holding in the Company's share capital with a percentage of 10% or more, are the following:

	19 December 2022		19 Decen	nber 2021
Company	Number of equity units	Percentage of ownership	Number of equity units	Percentage of ownership
Patron Mosa, S.à.r.l.	5,000,000	100.00%	5,000,000	100.00%

(b) Share premium

This reserve is freely available for distribution.

(c) Reserves

(i) Legal reserve

The legal reserve is provisioned according to article 274 of the Revised Text of the Spanish Law on Capital Companies, which establishes that, in any case, an amount equivalent to 10 percent of the profit for the fiscal year must be transferred to the legal reserve until it reaches, at least, 20 percent of the share capital.

The legal reserve is not available for distribution, and if it is used to offset losses -in the event that there are no other reserves available and sufficient for such purpose-, it must be reappropriated with future profits.

At 19 December 2022 and 2021 the legal reserve is not provisioned.

(d) Equity holder contributions

The Sole Shareholder of the Company, Patron Mosa, S.à.r.l., approved a monetary contribution amounting to 3,000,000.00 euros on September 14, 2021 with the purpose of increasing the financial and patrimonial soundness of the Company to allow to attend to different payment commitments.

Therefore, on 22 November 2021, the Company's Sole Shareholder made a monetary contribution for an amount of 1,185,000.00 euros, in order to increase the soundness of the Company's assets and financial position so that it could meet different payment commitments.

Finally, during the 2022 financial year, the Sole Shareholder of the Company, Patron Mosa, S.à.r.l., has approved different monetary contributions for a total amount of 14,750,000.00 euros *i*n order to increase the financial and equity soundness of the company. Company to allow it to meet different payment commitments.

(Continued)

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(e) Proposal for the distribution of profit/application of losses

The application of losses for the fiscal year ended on 19 December 2021, prepared by the then sole director and approved by the Sole Shareholder on 19 june 2022, was as follows:

	Euros		
Basis of distribution			
Loss for the fiscal year	(2,044,067.41)		
Application			
Prior periods' losses	(2,044,067.41)		

The Company's proposed application of losses for the fiscal year ended on 19 December 2022, prepared by the board of directors to be submitted to the Sole Shareholder, is as follows:

	Euros		
Basis of distribution Loss for the fiscal year	(2,145,699.38)		
Application Prior periods' losses	(2,145,699.38)		

(11) Financial liabilities

Classification of financial liabilities by class and category at 19 December 2022 and 2021 is as follows:

	Euros			
19.12.2022	Non-current		Current	
	Book value	Total	Book value	Total
Financial liabilities at cost or amortised cost				
Debt with financial institutions				
Debts	34,392,649.33	34,392,649.33	2,072,874.90	2,072,874.90
Commissions reducing the loan debt	(1,222,942.56)	(1,222,942.56)	(95,520.94)	(95,520.94)
Interests	-	-	-	-
Suppliers of fixed assets	-	-	61,300.00	61,300.00
Other financial liabilities	61,260.96	61,260.96	290,489.49	290,489.49
Intercompany trade payables	-	-	16,833.01	16,833.01
Other payables	-	-	941,876.14	941,876.14
Personnel	-	-	3,523.41	3,523.41
Total financial liabilities	33,230,967.73	33,230,967.73	3,291,376.01	3,291,376.01

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19 December 2022

	Euros			
19.12.2021	Non-current		Current	
	Book value	Book value Total		Total
Financial liabilities at cost or amortised cost				
Debt with financial institutions				
Debts	12,494,239.35	12,494,239.35	298,679.58	298,679.58
Commissions reducing the loan debt	(482,884.89)	(482,884.89)	(56,614.54)	(56,614.54)
Interests	-	-	26,138.86	26,138.86
Suppliers of fixed assets	-	-	467,922.45	467,922.45
Other financial liabilities	39,262.66	39,262.66	87,630.00	87,630.00
Intercompany trade payables	-	-	10,328.86	10,328.86
Other payables		-	722,644.93	722,644.93
Total financial liabilities	12,050,617.12	12,050,617.12	1,556,730.14	1,556,730.14

At 19 December 2022 and 2021, the book value of financial liabilities is not significantly different from its fair value.

a) Debts with group and associated companies

At 19 December 2020 the amount of debt with group companies in the non-current liability related to the loan agreement formalised on 16 March 2020 with the Sole Shareholder for a total amount of 13,500,000.00 euros, which accrued an annual interest of 6%, with maturity initially fixed at 16 March 2026. Both the capital and the accrued interest due were payable and claimable at the end of the credit agreement. However, as explained in note 10, the loan was capitalised on 30 June 2021 by decision of the Sole Shareholder.

b) Debt with financial institutions

I. A non-extinguishing modifying subrogation and novation agreement of a mortgage loan was formalised on 29 July 2020 with the entity CaixaBank, S.A., for the opportunity to acquire a building located in Barcelona, at Street Nápoles 206 (hereinafter, the "Building"), due for repayment on 1 October 2040 and for a maximum amount of 1,650,000.00 euros.

The loan agreement has a grace period up to 31 October 2020, with a repayment schedule of consecutive mixed instalments for the amortisation of capital and interests, on a monthly basis. The first payment became effective on 1 November 2020 and the last one will be on 1 November 2040. The amount of the mixed payments including capital and interests arises from applying the French system, with constant instalments.

At 19 December 2022, the Company has drawn down 1,509,417.58 euros (1,573,603.07 euros a 19 December 2021).

The interest rate of such loan is 12-month Euribor plus 2.5%. The costs of formalising the loan amounted to 22,275.00 euros and were recognised in the profit and loss account according to the amortised cost criteria. In fiscal year 2022 said loan has accrued interest for a total amount of 41,120.45 euros (38,065.59 euros in fiscal year 2021), out of which there are no amounts pending payment at 2022 and 2021.

Likewise, the main guarantees of the loan are:

- A first and second ranking real estate mortgage on the building.
- A first ranking pledge over 92.71% of the credit claims which may arise at any time in favour of the Company from the Project's contracts.

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- A first ranking pledge over 92.71% of the credit claims represented by the balance existing at any time in favour of the borrower in the current accounts of the Project.

On the other hand, according to the finance agreement, the loan is subject to compliance of certain financial ratios (LTV [loan-to-value] and RCSD [debt service coverage ratio]) as of 29 July 2022. At 19 December 2022 Company complies with these financial ratios that were applicable.

II. A mortgage loan contract formalised on 30 July 2021 with the entity Banco Santander, S.A., due for repayment on 30 July 2028 and for a maximum amount of 2,834,023.00 euros, divided into two tranches: tranche A for an amount of 1,887,577.00 euros intended for: i) payment of taxes, costs, commissions and expenses stemming from the formalization of the financing documents, ii) initial provision of the reserve account to service debt, under the contract's terms; and iii) funding of other acquisitions by the Company and of certain needs of working capital and transactions thereof; and tranche B for an amount of 946,446.00 euros intended to finance the expenses associated with the adaptation, renovation and fine tuning of the residential building located in Barcelona, at Street Rocafort 219, owned by the Company.

The loan agreement establishes a grace period between the date of signature of the contract and 30 July 2023, as well as a quarterly repayment schedule and accrues interest from day to day, which is payable and claimable on a quarterly basis.

At 19 December 2022, the Company has drawn down 2,834,023.00 euros (1,887,577.00 at 19 December 2021).

The interest rate of such loan is 12-month Euribor plus 2% from the contract expiration date until 30 July 2023 and 1,75% from 30 July 2023 until the contract expiration date. The costs of formalisation of the loan amounted to 113,360.92 euros and were recognised in the profit and loss account, according to the amortised cost criteria. Said loan has accrued interest for a total amount of 53,681.48 euros during fiscal year 2022 (16,809.97 euros during fiscal year 2021), out of which 4,295.25 euros are pending payment at the end of the fiscal year (7,372.08 euros at the end of 2021)

Likewise, the main guarantees of the loan are:

- A first ranking real estate mortgage on the building.
- A first ranking pledge over present and future credit claims deriving from any lease agreements subscribed with regard to the asset and, among other credit claims, the rents agreed under such contracts;
- A first ranking pledge over present and future credit claims deriving from the insurance policies taken on with regard to the asset; and
- A first ranking pledge over the bank accounts of the borrower opened with the lending institution.
- A first ranking pledge over any other agreement related to the Project for the adaptation, renovation and fine tuning of the asset which the Company may subscribe after the date of formalising the financing for an amount of over 500,000.00 euros, including, without limitation, any collateral and guarantees related therewith.

On the other hand, according to the finance contract, the loan is subject to compliance of certain financial ratios (LTV and RCSD) as of fiscal year 2023.

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III. A mortgage loan contract formalised on 10 December 2021 with the entity *Banco Bilbao Vizcaya Argentaria*, *S.A.*, for a term of 10 years as of 1 January 2022, due for repayment on 31 December 2031 and for a maximum amount of 3,615,601.00 euros, divided into two tranches: tranche A for an amount of 1,732,227.00 euros intended for: i) financing or partially refinancing the acquisition of homes in the residential building located in Valencia, at Street Rodríguez Cepeda 44 (hereinafter, the "Asset"), which were previously acquired by the Company; as well as (ii) financing all the renovation works of the Asset according to the Project, under an unexpired license and according to its terms and the urban planning, as well as to comply with the requirements of the urban-planning legislation; and tranche B for an amount of 1,883,374,00 euros that will be kept by the Bank and may not be withdrawn from the Special Account under any circumstance if the Company is not current on its obligations with the Bank and as long as it does not submit work certifications that reach such amount.

The loan agreement establishes a grace period until 30 June 2023, a quarterly repayment schedule and accrues interest from day to day, which is payable and claimable on a quarterly basis.

At 19 December 2022, the Company has drawn down 3,615,601.00 euros (1,732,227.00 euros at 19 December 2021).

The annual interest rate of such loan is a nominal rate of 1.95% for the first three months of the loan term and 3-month Euribor plus 1.95% for the remainder of the contract term, until its expiration date. The costs of formalisation of the loan amounted to 131,969.44 euros and were recognised in the profit and loss account, according to the amortised cost criteria. Said loan has accrued 42,842.93 of interest during the financial year 2022 (not having accrued interest as of December 19, 2021).

Likewise, the main guarantees of the loan are:

- A first ranking real estate mortgage on the Asset.
- A first ranking pledge over present and future credit claims deriving from any lease agreements subscribed with regard to the Asset and, among other credit claims, the rents agreed under said contracts;
- A first ranking pledge over present and future credit claims on the Project Account; and
- A first ranking pledge over the bank accounts of the borrower opened with the lending institution.

On the other hand, according to the finance contract, the loan is subject to compliance of certain financial ratios as of fiscal year 2023 (LTV and LTV Global) and to compliance of certain financial ratios as of fiscal year 2025 (RCSD and RCSD Global).

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19 December 2022

IV. A mortgage loan contract formalised on 10 December 2021 with the entity Banco Bilbao Vizcaya Argentaria, S.A., for a term of 10 years as of 1 January 2022, due for repayment on 31 December 2031 and for a maximum amount of 2,550,574.00 euros, divided into two tranches: tranche A for an amount of 1,018,769.00 euros intended for: i) financing or partially refinancing the acquisition of the residential building located in Valencia, at Street Salamanca 46 (hereinafter, the "Asset"), which was previously acquired by the Company; as well as (ii) financing all the renovation works of the Asset according to the Project, under an unexpired license and according to its terms and the urban planning, as well as to comply with the requirements of the urban-planning legislation; and tranche B for an amount of 1,531,805.00 euros that will be kept by the Bank and may not be withdrawn from the Special Account under any circumstance if the Company is not current on its obligations with the Bank and as long as it does not submit work certifications that reach such amount.

The loan agreement establishes a grace period until 30 June 2023, a quarterly repayment schedule and accrues interest from day to day, which is payable and claimable on a quarterly basis.

At 19 December 2022, the Company has drawn down 2,245,744.00 euros (1,018,769.00 euros as of December 19, 2021).

The annual interest rate of such loan is a nominal rate of 1.95% for the first three months of the loan term and 3-month Euribor plus 1.95% for the remainder of the contract term, until its expiration date. The costs of formalisation of the loan amounted to 93,095.95 euros and were recognised in the profit and loss account, according to the amortised cost criteria. Said loan has accrued interest in the amount of 21,552.70 euros during the financial year 2022 (not having accrued interest as of December 19, 2021).

Likewise, the main guarantees of the loan are:

- A first ranking real estate mortgage on the Asset.
- A first ranking pledge over present and future credit claims deriving from any lease agreements subscribed with regard to the Asset and, among other credit claims, the rents agreed under said contracts;
- A first ranking pledge over present and future credit claims on the Project Account;
 and
- A first ranking pledge over the bank accounts of the borrower opened with the lending institution.

On the other hand, according to the finance contract, the loan is subject to compliance of certain financial ratios as of fiscal year 2023 (LTV and LTV Global) and to compliance of certain financial ratios as of fiscal year 2025 (RCSD and RCSD Global).

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19 December 2022

V. Mortgage loan contract formalized on March 29, 2022 with Banco Santander, S.A. for a 7-year term maturing on March 29, 2029 and for a maximum amount of 2,720,000.00 euros, divided into two tranches: tranche A for an amount of 1,542,230.00 euros to be used for i) payment of the taxes, costs, commissions and expenses derived from the formalization of the financing documents, ii) the initial endowment of the reserve account of the debt service in the terms established in the contract and iii) the financing of other acquisitions by the Company and certain needs for working capital and its operations; and tranche B for the amount of 1,178,190.00 euros to be used to finance the expenses associated with the adaptation, reform and commissioning of the residential building located at Avenida Madrid, 110, in Barcelona, of which the Company is the owner (as of December 19, 2022, 390,307.05 euros of tranche B have been drawn down).

The loan contract establishes a grace period between the date of signing the contract and June 30, 2024 and a quarterly repayment schedule and accrues interest on a daily basis, which are payable and payable quarterly.

As of December 19, 2022, the Company has 1,932,307.05 euros available.

The interest rate of the aforementioned loan is annual Euribor plus 2% from the date of signing the contract until March 29, 2024 and 1.75% from March 30, 2024 until the contract expiration date. The formalization costs of the loan amounted to 114,721.80 euros and are recorded in the profit and loss account following the amortized cost criterion. Said loan has accrued total interest amounting to 29,798.75 euros during the financial year 2022.

Likewise, the loan has as main guarantees:

- A first ranking real estate mortgage on the Property.
- A first ranking real right of pledge on the credit rights represented by the balance that at any time exists in favor of the Financing Company in each of the Financing Accounts
- A first ranking real right of pledge on the present and future credit rights derived for the Financing Company from the Project Contracts signed in relation to the Asset; and,
- A first ranking real right of pledge on the present and future credit rights derived for the Financing Company from: (i) all the lease contracts of the Asset; and (ii) any other Project Contract for an amount greater than five hundred thousand (€500,000), signed by the Financing Party after the date of formalization of this Contract (other than those contracts that are entered into in substitution of the Project Contracts currently or that do not change or complement the currently existing Project Contracts, to which the one indicated in section (b) above will be extended under the terms provided in the Guarantee Contract), including, in both cases, any endorsements and guarantees related to the same.

On the other hand, according to the financing contract, the loan is subject to compliance with certain financial ratios (LTV and SOCIMI LTV) as of financial year 2022 and Debt Service Coverage Ratio (RCSD) as of financial year 2023. At 19 December 2022 Company complies with these financial ratios that were applicable.

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VI. Mortgage loan contract formalized on July 26, 2022 with Banco Santander, S.A. for a term of 7 years maturing on July 29, 2029 and for a maximum amount of 7,911,624.00 euros, divided into two tranches: tranche A for an amount of 6,579,297.00 euros to be used for i) payment of the taxes, costs, commissions and expenses derived from the formalization of the financing documents, ii) the initial endowment of the reserve account of the debt service in the terms established in the contract and iii) the financing of other acquisitions by the Company and certain needs for working capital and its operations; and tranche B for the amount of 1,332,417.00 euros to be used to finance the expenses associated with the adaptation, reform and commissioning of the residential building located at Street Muntaner, 448, in Barcelona, of which the Company is owner (as of December 19, 2022, tranche B has not been drawn down).

The loan contract establishes a grace period between the date of signing the contract and October 31, 2024 and a quarterly repayment schedule and accrues interest on a daily basis, which are payable and payable quarterly.

As of December 19, 2022, the Company has 6,579,207.00 euros available.

The interest rate of the aforementioned loan is annual Euribor plus 2% from the date of signing the contract until July 30, 2024 and 1.75% from August 1, 2024 until the contract expiration date. The formalization costs of the loan amounted to 325,080.46 euros and are recorded in the profit and loss account following the amortized cost criterion. Said loan has accrued total interest amounting to 91,429.04 euros during the financial year 2022.

Likewise, the loan has as main guarantees:

- A first ranking real estate mortgage on the Property.
- A first ranking real right of pledge on the credit rights represented by the balance that at any time exists in favor of the Financing Company in each of the Financing Accounts
- A first ranking real right of pledge on the present and future credit rights derived for the Financing Company from the Project Contracts signed in relation to the Asset; and,
- First rank real right of pledge on the present and future credit rights derived for the Financing Company from: (i) all the lease contracts of the Asset; and (ii) any other Project Contract for an amount greater than five hundred thousand (€500,000), signed by the Financing Party after the date of formalization of this Contract (other than those contracts that are entered into in substitution of the Project Contracts currently or that do not change or complement the currently existing Project Contracts, to which the one indicated in section (b) above will be extended under the terms provided in the Guarantee Contract), including, in both cases, any endorsements and guarantees related to the same.

On the other hand, according to the financing contract, the loan is subject to compliance with certain financial ratios (LTV and SOCIMI LTV) as of financial year 2022 and Debt Service Coverage Ratio (RCSD) as of financial year 2024. At 19 December 2022 Company complies with these financial ratios that were applicable.

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VII. Mortgage loan contract formalized on October 21, 2022 with Banco Bilbao Vizcaya Argentaria, S.A. for a term of 10 years from November 1, 2022, maturing on October 31, 2032 and for a maximum amount of 3,055,690.00 euros, divided into two tranches: Tranche A for an amount of 2,175. 690.00 euros to be used to i) partially finance or refinance the acquisition of the homes located in the residential building located at Street Concordia 12, in Barcelona (the "Asset"), which were previously acquired by the Company; as well as (ii) finance all the reform works of the Asset in accordance with the Project, under the protection of a license that has not expired and in accordance with its conditions and with urban planning, as well as complying with the duties indicated in the urban planning legislation.; and tranche B for an amount of 880,000.00 euros that will remain in the Bank's possession and may not be withdrawn from the Special Account for any reason if the Company is not up to date in the fulfillment of its obligations with the Bank and while it does not present certifications of work until that amount is reached.

The loan contract establishes a grace period until April 30, 2024 (18 months) and a quarterly repayment schedule and accrues interest on a daily basis, which are payable and payable on a quarterly basis.

As of December 19, 2022, the Company has 2,175,690.00 euros available.

The interest rate of the aforementioned loan is 3-month Euribor plus 2.15% during the rest of the life of the contract and until its expiration date. The formalization costs of the loan amounted to 69,645.70 euros and are recorded in the profit and loss account following the amortized cost criterion. Said loan has accrued interest for an amount of 2,145.89 euros in the financial year 2022.

Likewise, the loan has as main guarantees:

- A first ranking real estate mortgage on the Asset.
- A first ranking real right of pledge on the present and future credit rights derived from the lease contracts that are signed in relation to the Asset and, among other credit rights, the rents agreed by virtue thereof;
- A first ranking real right of pledge on the present and future credit rights of the Project Account; and
- A first ranking real right of pledge on the bank accounts of the Borrower opened with the Lender Entity.

On the other hand, according to the financing contract, the loan is subject to compliance with certain financial ratios as of financial year 2024 (LTV and LTV Global) and compliance with certain financial ratios as of financial year 2025 (Coverage Ratio to Debt (RCSD) and Global Debt Service Coverage Ratio (Global RCSD)).

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VIII. Mortgage loan contract formalized on July 28, 2022 with CAJA LABORAL POPULAR Coop. of credit. for a term of 15 years from July 31, 2022, maturing on June 30, 2037 and for a maximum amount of 2,250,000.00 euros, divided into two tranches: Tranche A for an amount of 1,375. 000.00 euros to be allocated to i) partially finance or refinance the acquisition of the homes located in the residential building located at Street General Concha 24, in Bilbao (the "Asset"), which were previously acquired by the Company; as well as (ii) finance all the reform works of the Asset in accordance with the Project, under the protection of a license that has not expired and in accordance with its conditions and with urban planning, as well as complying with the duties indicated in the urban planning legislation.; and tranche B for an amount of 875,000.00 euros that will remain in the Bank's possession and may not be withdrawn from the Special Account for any reason if the Company is not up to date in the fulfilment of its obligations with the Bank and while it does not present certifications of work until that amount is reached.

The loan contract establishes a grace period until January 31, 2024 and a monthly repayment schedule and accrues interest on a daily basis, which are payable and payable monthly.

As of December 19, 2022, the Company has 1,375,000.00 euros available.

The interest rate of the aforementioned loan is 3.114% annual nominal during the first year of the loan and 3-month Euribor plus 1.950% during the rest of the life of the contract and until its expiration date. The formalization costs of the loan amounted to 27,781.87 euros and are recorded in the profit and loss account following the amortized cost criterion. Said loan has accrued interest in the amount of 17,072.90 during the financial year 2022.

Likewise, the loan has as main guarantees:

- A first ranking real estate mortgage on the Asset.
- A first rank real right of pledge on the present and future credit rights derived from the lease contracts that are signed in relation to the Asset and, among other credit rights, the rents agreed by virtue thereof;
- IX. Mortgage loan contract formalized on July 28, 2022 with KUTXABANK, S.A. for a term of 15 years from July 31, 2022, maturing on June 30, 2037 and for a maximum amount of 2,250,000.00 euros, divided into two tranches: Tranche A for an amount of 1,375. 000.00 euros to be allocated to i) partially finance or refinance the acquisition of the homes located in the residential building located at Street General Concha 24, in Bilbao (the "Asset"), which were previously acquired by the Company; as well as (ii) finance all the reform works of the Asset in accordance with the Project, under the protection of a license that has not expired and in accordance with its conditions and with urban planning, as well as complying with the duties indicated in the urban planning legislation.; and tranche B for an amount of 875,000.00 euros that will remain in the Bank's possession and may not be withdrawn from the Special Account for any reason if the Company is not up to date in the fulfillment of its obligations with the Bank and while it does not present certifications of work until that amount is reached.

The loan contract establishes a grace period until January 31, 2024 and a monthly repayment schedule and accrues interest on a daily basis, which are payable and payable monthly.

As of December 19, 2022, the Company has 1,375,000.00 euros available.

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The interest rate of the aforementioned loan is 3.114% annual nominal during the first year of the loan and 3-month Euribor plus 1.95% during the rest of the life of the contract and until its expiration date. The formalization costs of the loan amounted to 29,304.75 euros and are recorded in the profit and loss account following the amortized cost criterion. Said loan has accrued interest of 17,072.90 euros in the financial year 2022.

Likewise, the loan has as main guarantees:

- A first ranking real estate mortgage on the Asset.
- A first ranking real right of pledge on the present and future credit rights derived from the lease contracts that are signed in relation to the Asset and, among other credit rights, the rents agreed by virtue thereof.
- X. Mortgage loan contract formalized on July 19, 2022 with the entity Banco Pichincha España, S.A. for a term of 13 years maturing on July 19, 2035 and for a maximum amount of 10,795,000.00 euros, divided into two tranches: tranche A for an amount of 9,695,000.00 euros to be used to i) finance or partially refinance the acquisition of the homes located in the residential building located at Street Balmes 335, previously acquired by the Company. During this financial year, on the same date, the loan with Bankinter in reference to this asset was canceled in order to refinance it with this new loan; and section B for the amount of 1,100,000.00 euros to finance Paseo de las Facultades 2, in Valencia.

The loan contract establishes a monthly amortization schedule and accrues interest on a daily basis, which are payable and payable on a monthly basis.

As of December 19, 2022, the Company has 9,614,208.35 euros available.

The interest rate of the aforementioned loan is annual Euribor plus 2.10%. The formalization costs of the loan amounted to 319,248.42 euros and are recorded in the profit and loss account following the amortized cost criterion. Said loan has accrued interest of 100,652.95 euros during the financial year 2022.

Likewise, the loan has as main guarantees:

- A first ranking real estate mortgage on the Asset.
- Constitution of a pledge on the balance of the deposits in a checking account, as well as a credit for the reimbursement of the amounts deposited.
- XI. Mortgage loan contract formalized on January 12, 2022 with Banco Santander, S.A. for a term of 7 years maturing on January 12, 2029 and for a maximum amount of 3,930,635.00 euros, divided into two tranches: tranche A for an amount of 2,463,505.00 euros to be used for i) payment of the taxes, costs, commissions and expenses derived from the formalization of the financing documents, ii) the initial endowment of the reserve account of the debt service in the terms established in the contract and iii) the financing of other acquisitions by the Company and certain needs for working capital and its operations; and tranche B for the amount of 1,467,130.00 euros to be used to finance the expenses associated with the adaptation, reform and commissioning of the residential building located at Street Entença, 69, in Barcelona, of which the Company is owner.

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The loan contract establishes a grace period of 24 months and a quarterly repayment schedule and accrues interest on a daily basis, which are payable and payable on a quarterly basis.

As of December 19, 2022, the Company has 3,078,955.00 euros available.

The interest rate of the aforementioned loan is annual Euribor plus 2% from the date of signing the contract until January 12, 2024 and 1.75% from January 13, 2024 until the contract expiration date. The formalization costs of the loan amounted to 142,189.86 euros and are recorded in the profit and loss account following the amortized cost criterion. Said loan has accrued total interest amounting to 5,019.35 euros during the financial year 2022.

Likewise, the loan has as main guarantees:

- A first ranking real estate mortgage on the Property.
- A first ranking real right of pledge on the present and future credit rights derived from the lease contracts that are signed in relation to the Asset and, among other credit rights, the rents agreed by virtue thereof;
- A first ranking real right of pledge on the present and future credit rights derived from the insurance policies subscribed in relation to the Asset; and
- A first ranking real right of pledge on the bank accounts of the Borrower opened with the Lender Entity.
- A first ranking real right of pledge on any other contract linked to the adaptation, reform and adjustment project of the Asset signed by the Company after the date of formalization of the financing for an amount greater than 500,000.00 euros, including, without limitation, any endorsements and guarantees related thereto.

On the other hand, according to the financing contract, the loan is subject to compliance with certain financial ratios (LTV and SOCIMI LTV) as of financial year 2022 and Debt Service Coverage Ratio (RCSD) as of financial year 2023. At 19 December 2022 Company complies with these financial ratios that were applicable.

Fixed asset suppliers as of December 19, 2022 and 2021 correspond to the balances pending payment to the suppliers that are carrying out the reform and adaptation works in the different properties owned by the Company.

Other financial liabilities at 19 December 2022 and 2021 relate to the amount of the guarantees received from tenants of the Company's properties (note 8).

c) Classification by maturity

Classification of financial liabilities by maturity is shown in Annex II.

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(12) Fiscal position

The breakdown of balances with Public Administrations is as follows:

	Euros			
	19.12.2022		19.12.2021	
	Non-current	Current	Non-current	Current
ets				
eferred tax assets	136.58	-	136.58	-
lue added tax and similar	-	121,552.47	-	49,305.55
	136.58	121,552.47	136.58	49,305.55
ilities				
alue added tax and similar	-	18,337.75	-	16,872.40
sonal income tax	-	7,476.81	-	5,307.20
	-	25,814.56	-	22,179.60

As established by current legislation, taxes cannot be considered definitively settled until the returns submitted have been inspected by the tax authorities or the four-year limitation period has elapsed.

The Board of Directors of the Company considers that the liquidations of the aforementioned taxes have been adequately carried out, therefore, even in the event that discrepancies arise in the current regulatory interpretation due to the tax treatment granted to the operations, the eventual resulting liabilities, should they materialize, they would not significantly affect these annual accounts.

(a) Corporate income tax

The reconciliation between the accounting profit for the fiscal year and the taxable income in the corporate income tax for the fiscal year ended on 19 December 2022 and 2021 is as follows:

_	Euros				
	Profi	it and loss acco	unt		
2022	Increases	Decreases	Net	Total	
				_	
Balance between revenue and expenditure for the fiscal year	-	-	(2,145,699.38)	(2,145,699.38)	
Corporate income tax	-	-	-	-	
Profit/(loss) before income tax	-	-	(2,145,699.38)	(2,145,699.38)	
Temporary differences					
Arising in the fiscal year	-	-	-	-	
Taxable base (Tax result)			(2,145,699.38)	(2,145,699.38)	

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19 December 2022

_		E	uros		
	Pro	fit and loss acc	ount	,	
2021	Increases	Decreases	Net	Total	
_					
Balance between revenue and expenditure for the fiscal year	-		(2,044,067.41)	(2,044,067.41)	
Corporate income tax	-			-	
Profit/(loss) before income tax	-		- (2,044,067.41)	(2,044,067.41)	
Temporary differences					
Arising in the fiscal year	-				
Taxable base (Tax result)			(2,044,067.41)	(2,044,067.41)	

The relationship between corporate income tax expense / (revenue) and the profit / (loss) for the fiscal year ended on 19 December 2022 and 2021 is as follows:

Euros

	Fiscal Year 2022	Fiscal Year 2021
Balance between income and expenditure before taxes for the year Corporate income tax (0%)	(2,145,699.38)	(2,044,067.41
Corporate income tax expense / (revenue)	-	

There is no corporate income tax expense since the levy rate applicable to the Company is 0%.

Since the tax rate applicable is 0%, the Company has not recognised deferred tax assets derived from tax loss carryforwards pending offset, whose amounts and reversal periods are as follows:

Year	Year Euro		Last year
	19.12.2022	19.12.2021	
2020	(842.342,73)	(842.342,73)	Indefinite
2021	(2,044,067.41)	(2,044,067.41)	Indefinite
2022 (provisional)	(2,145,699.38)		Indefinite
	(5.032.109,52)	(2.886.410,14)	

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Euros

(13) Revenue and expenses

(a) Net revenues

The breakdown of net revenues by category of activities is as follows:

	National		
	Fiscal Year	Fiscal Year	
	2022 2021		
Revenue from lease of business premises	142,481.87	74,449.73	
Revenue from lease of homes	251,081.79	169,466.35	
Revenue from lease of rooms	1,377,816.85	265,052.27	
Revenue from lease of parking lot	11,304.84	95.00	
Others	117,313.18		
	1,899,998.53	509,063.35	

(b) Personnel expenses

	Euros National		
	Fiscal Year 2022	Fiscal Year 2021	
Salaries and wages	329,829.58	139,777.76	
Indemnities	2,492.65	-	
Social Security payable by the Company	75,848.49	39,421.67	
Other social expenses	33,559.00	99.00	
	441,729.72	179,298.43	

The Company's average number of employees during fiscal years 2022 and 2021, broken down by categories, is as follows:

Average number of employees Fiscal Year 2022 2021 Administrative staff 8.75 3.58 Total 8.75 3.58

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19 December 2022

Breakdown by sex of the personnel and members of the board of directors at the end of the fiscal year is as follows:

		Number end of	the fiscal year	
	19/12/2022		19/12/2021	
	Women	Men	Women	Men
Administrative staff	8	2	4	2
Board Members	-	3	-	3
Total	8	5	4	5

During fiscal years 2022 and 2021 the Company did not have any employees with a disability higher than 33%.

(c) Other operating expenses

	Euros		
	Fiscal Year	Fiscal Year	
	2022	2021	
External services			
Leases and royalties (Note 7)	109,650.06	46,435.90	
Repairs and maintenance	97,262.34	69,051.92	
Independent professional services	1,132,309.50	1,005,701.04	
Insurance premium	36,388.80	12,775.81	
Banking and similar services	9,429.32	4,821.54	
Advertising, publicity and public relations	86,092.82	43,174.88	
Utilities	206,756.18	48,873.97	
Other services	137,200.97	56,862.48	
Taxes			
Other taxes	478,314.64	306,728.21	
Losses, impairment and changes in trade provisions (note			
8)	255.52		
Total	2,293,660.15	1,594,425.75	

(14) Remuneration to members of the governing body and senior management

(a) Information regarding members of the governing body and senior management of the Company Remuneration has not been accrued by members of the Company's governing body during the fiscal years ended on 19 December 2022 and 2021.

The Company did not undertake any type of obligation on pensions or life insurance regarding the members of the governing body. Likewise, they have not been granted any advances or loans.

The Company is managed by a related entity, and for this reason there is no senior management personnel.

The amount paid by the Company corresponding to the civil liability insurance for the members of the Board of Directors for the year ended on November 19, 2022, amounts to 7,570.50 euros.

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Transactions other than ordinary business or at non-market conditions conducted by the (b) Company's governing body

During fiscal years 2022 and 2021, the members of the Company's governing body have not carried out with the Company or with companies of the Group any operations other than ordinary business or at non-market conditions.

Conflict of interest situations of members of the governing body (c)

In order to avoid conflict situations with the interests of the Company, in fiscal year ended on 19 December 2021, the members of the Company's governing body have complied with the obligations set forth in article 228 of the Revised Text of the Law on Capital Companies. Likewise, both he and those associated with him have have not incurred from incurring in the conflict of interests scenarios described in article 229 of said law.

(15) Information on the environment

At 19 December 2022 and 2021 there were no significant assets set out for the protection and improvement of the environment, and no relevant expenses of this nature were incurred in any of those fiscal years.

The Company's board of directors considers there are no significant contingencies related to the protection and improvement of the environment, and therefore it was not necessary to recognise any provision for environmental risks and expenses at 19 December 2022 or 19 December 2021.

In view of the Company's activity, it does not have any emission rights.

(16) Balances and transactions with related parties

(a) Balances with the Sole Shareholder and related parties

> In addition to those detailed in Note 11, the Company maintains the following balances with related parties as of December 19, 2022 and 2021:

19/12/2022 19/12/2021 Associate Associate Total Total companies companies 114,357.19 114,357.19 10,328.86 16,833.01 16,833.01 10,328.86

Intercompany trade receivables Intercompany trade payables

Transactions of the Company with the Sole Shareholder and related parties (b)

The detail of the transactions carried out with related parties during the years 2022 and 2021 is as follows:

Income
Services rendered
Expenses
External services
Financial expenses

Euros				
20:	22		2021	
Associate companies	Total	Associate companies	Sole Shareholder	Total
94,510.07	94,510.07	-	-	
(207,612.15)	(207,612.15)	(39,260.58)	(360,782.54)	(39,260.58) (360,782.54)

Euros

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(17) Audit fees

KPMG Auditores, S.L., auditors of the abbreviated annual accounts of the Company, and other related individuals and entities, have accrued fees for professional services, according to the following breakdown:

For audit services

Euros						
National						
2022	2021					
23,500.00	22,000.00					
23,500.00	22.000.00					

The amount mentioned in the table above includes the total fees regarding the services rendered during fiscal years 2022 and 2021, irrespective of their invoice date.

(18) Regulatory requirements resulting from the SOCIMI status, the SOCIMI Law

In compliance with the reporting duties established in article 11 of the SOCIMI Law, the following aspects are detailed:

	Mandatory requirements	Information on fiscal year 2022
	Mandatory requirements	Information on fiscal year 2022
a)	Reserves from fiscal years prior to the application of the tax regime established in this SOCIMI Law.	The Company was incorporated on 18 July 2019, and has shown losses ever since. There are therefore no reserves from fiscal years prior to the application of the tax regime set forth in said SOCIMI Law.
b)	Reserves from fiscal years in which the tax regime established in the SOCIMI Law was applied, making a distinction between the part that comes from income subject to a tax rate of zero percent or 19 percent, and the part which, where appropriate, has been taxed at the general rate.	No reserves were generated by the Company pursuant to the SOCIMI Law.
c)	Dividends distributed with a charge to profits of each fiscal year where the tax regime established in the SOCIMI Law was applicable, making a distinction between the part that comes from income subject to a tax rate of zero percent or 19 percent, and the part which, where appropriate, has been taxed at the general rate. In the case of distribution of dividends against recovers a mention of the fixed year from which	In fiscal year 2021 the Company has shown losses. It is therefore unnecessary to provide the information required as regards the distribution of dividends, set forth in article 11 of the SOCIMI Law, since no dividends were distributed.
	reserves, a mention of the fiscal year from which the reserve applied is obtained and whether those reserves have been taxed at a rate of zero percent, 19 percent or at the general rate.	

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	Mandatory requirements	Information on fiscal year 2022
e)	Date of the agreement to distribute the dividends referred to in sections c) and d) above.	In fiscal year 2022 the Company has shown losses. It is therefore unnecessary to provide the information required as regards the distribution of dividends, set forth in article 11 of the SOCIMI Law, since no dividends were distributed.
f)	Date of acquisition of the properties intended for lease and of the holdings in the capital of those entities referred to in section 1 of article 2 of the SOCIMI Law.	The buildings owned by the Company were acquired on 23 December 2019 (Balmes Building), 29 July 2020 (Nápoles Building), 2 February 2021 (Rocafort Building), 14 April 2021 (Rodríguez Cepeda Building), 15 September 2021 (Salamanca Building) and 25 November 2021 (Nave Building), 30 de December 2021 (Entença Building), 27 March 2022 (Avenida Madrid Building), 19 July 2022 (Facultades Building), 26 July 2022 (Muntaner Building), 28 July 2022 (General Concha Building) and 21 October 2022 (Concordia Building).
g)	Identification of the assets qualifying for the 80 percent referred to in section 1 of article 3 of the SOCIMI Law.	The assets qualifying for the 80% described in article 3 of the SOCIMI Law relate to all properties acquired by the Company which are intended for lease, as well as the guarantees received for those leases. The assets qualifying for the 80% referred to in article 3.1 of the SOCIMI Law relate to the property investments at 19 December 2022, for a net book value of 63,052,137.95 euros, and a value of 63,776,055.69 euros (excluding depreciation), (with a net book value of 29,652,952.43 euros, and a value of 29,877,036.22 euros (excluding depreciation), at 19 December 2021), as well as the guarantees deposited for an amount of 115,078.75 euros at such date (58,673.56 euros at 19 December 2021).
h)	Reserves from fiscal years in which the special tax regime established in the SOCIMI Law was applicable, that were drawn down during the tax period, but not for distribution or to offset losses, showing the fiscal year from which said reserves were obtained.	The Company was set up on 18 July 2019. There are therefore no reserves from fiscal years prior to the application of the tax regime established in the SOCIMI Law.

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(19) Subsequent events

On January 25, 2023, the Company has acquired a property with 16 homes and 1 commercial premises located in the residential building located at Street Còrsega, 396, Barcelona, for lease, for an amount of 9,329,638 euros, including all the associated costs.

Likewise, on February 16, 2023, the Company has acquired a property with 26 homes and 4 commercial premises located in the residential building located at Street Consell de Cent, 538, Barcelona, for lease, for an amount of 4,858. 426 euros, including all associated costs.

Finally, on March 8, 2023, the Company has acquired 19 homes located in the residential building located at Street Donoso Cortés, 75, Madrid, intended for lease, for an amount of 8,843,164 euros, including all associated costs.

Likewise, the following financial debts have been contracted:

Mortgage loan contract formalized on February 2, 2023 with the entity Banco Pichincha España, S.A. for a term of 15 years maturing on February 2, 2038 and for a maximum amount of 5,850,000.00 euros, divided into two tranches: tranche A for an amount of 4,350,000.00 euros to be used to i) finance or partially refinance the acquisition of the homes located in the residential building located at Còrsega street, 396 previously acquired by the Company; and tranche B for an amount of 1,500,000.00 euros, which cannot be drawn down if the Company is not up to date with its obligations to the Bank and as long as it does not present work certificates until such amount is reached (Capex Tranche).

The loan contract establishes a grace period of 24 months, that is, until February 1, 2025. The repayment schedule is monthly and accrues interest on a daily basis, which are payable and payable on a monthly basis.

The principal of the Loan will accrue until February 1, 2024, interest at the initial annual nominal fixed rate of 5.45%. After that period, the applicable interest rate will be annual Euribor plus 2.10%.

Likewise, the loan has as main guarantees:

- A first ranking real estate mortgage on the Asset.
- Constitution of a pledge on the balance of the deposits in a checking account, as well as a credit for the reimbursement of the amounts deposited

Mortgage loan contract formalized with Bankinter, S.A. dated February 16, 2023, maturing on February 16, 2037 and for a maximum amount of 3,150,000.00 euros, divided into two tranches: tranche A for an amount of 2,550,000.00 euros to partially finance the price acquisition of the Consell de Cent building, 538, and section B for an amount of 600,000.00 euros to provide the CAPEX Account.

The loan contract establishes a semi-annual repayment schedule and accrues interest on a daily basis, which are payable and payable semi-annually. A grace period of 12 months is established.

The interest rate of the aforementioned loan is annual Euribor plus 1.9%. The formalization costs of the loan amounted to 113,400.00 euros and are recorded in the profit and loss account following the amortized cost criterion.

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Likewise, the loan has as main guarantees:

- A first ranking real estate mortgage on the Property.
- A real right of pledge on present and future credits derived from the leasing contracts that are signed in relation to the Asset.
- Pledge rights on the credit rights derived in their favor by virtue of the financing contract and on the credit rights derived in their favor from the Asset contracts.
- A real right of first rank pledge on the credit rights derived from the Purchase Agreement;
- A first ranking real right of pledge on the present and future credit rights derived from the insurance policies subscribed in relation to the Asset; and
- A first ranking real right of pledge on the bank accounts of the Borrower opened with the Lender Entity.

On the other hand, according to the financing contract, the loan is subject to compliance with certain financial ratios (LTV and Debt Service Coverage Ratio (RCSD)) from the year 2025.

It is also important to note that on January 16, February 9, and March 7, 2023, the Sole Shareholder has decided to make monetary contributions to the Company's own funds for an amount of 9,000,000.00, 2,000,000.00 and 9,500,000.00 euro, respectively.

Finally, on March 17, 2023, by virtue of clause 6 BIS paragraph 8 of the financing contract with the entity Caixabank, S.A. signed on July 29, 2020, the Company obtained a waiver from the financial institution Caixabank, S.A. waiving the application of the right to cancel the financing contract and the immediate claim of the amount provided, which amounts to 1,509,417.58 euros as of December 19, 2022.

Annex I 1 of 2

VANDOR Real Estate SOCIMI, S.A. (Sociedad Unipersonal)

Classification of the Financial Assets by Maturity for the fiscal year ended on 19 December 2022 and 2021

		Euros							
19.12.2022	2023	2024	2025	2026		2027	Years after 2027	Minus current part	Total non-current
Derivative financial instruments	-	-	-		-	-	267,656.28	-	267,656.28
Financial investments									
Other financial assets	310,000.00	-	-		-	-	1,157,018.34	(310,000.00)	1,157,018.34
Trade and other receivables									
Trade receivables	222,811.82	-	-		-	-	-	(222,811.82)	-
Intercompany trade receivables	114,357.19							(114,357.19)	
Other debtors	2,110.48							(2,110.48)	
Total	649,279.49	-	-		-	-	1,424,674.62	(649,279.49)	1,424,674.62
	Euros								
19.12.2021	2022	2023	2024	2025		2026	Years after 2026	Minus current part	Total non-current
Derivative financial instruments	-	-	-		-	-	22,660.11	-	22,660.11
Financial investments									
Other financial assets	22,095.85	-	-		-	58,673.56	1,365,121.57	-22,095.85	1,423,795.13
Trade and other receivables									
Trade receivables	28,204.72	-	-		-	-		-28,204.72	
Total	50,300.57				-	58,673.56	1,387,781.68	-50,300.57	1,446,455.24

This annex forms an integral part of note 8 to the abbreviated annual accounts, in conjunction with which it should be read.

VANDOR Real Estate SOCIMI, S.A. (Sociedad Unipersonal)

Annex I 2 of 2

Classification of the Financial Liabilities by Maturity for the fiscal year ended on 19 December 2022 and 2021

	Euros							
19.12.2022	2023	2024	2025	2026	2027	Years after 2027	Minus current part	Total non- current
Debts								
Debt with financial institutions - Nominal value	2,072,874.90	2,333,867.99	3,636,137.41	3,800,922.59	4,001,075.06	20,507,149.82	(2,072,874.90)	34,279,152.85
Commissions reducing the loan debt	(95,520.94)	(158,275.56)	(158,275.55)	(158,275.55)	(158,275.55)	(476,343.87)	95,520.94	(1,109,446.08)
Suppliers of fixed assets	61,300.00	-	-	-		-	(61,300.00)	-
Other financial liabilities	290,489.49	22,573.09	22,605.00	5,697.00	-	10,385.87	(290,489.49)	61,260.96
Intercompany trade payables	16,833.01						(16,833.01)	
Trade and other payables	941,876.14						(941,876.14)	
Personnel	3,523.41						(3,523.41)	
Total financial liabilities	3,291,376.01	2,198,165.52	3,500,466.86	3,648,344.04	3,842,799.51	20,041,191.82	(3,291,376.01)	33,230,967.73
19.12.2021	2022	2023	2024	2025	2026	Años posteriores a 2026	Menos parte corriente	Total no corriente
Debts								
Debt with financial institutions - Nominal value	298,679.58	400,309.55	545,752.61	1 557,115.8	566,560.62	2 10,424,500.6	7 (298,679.58)	12,494,239.34

(22,698.58)

39,262.66

562,316.69

(23,028.74)

534,087.15

(23,288.89)

543,271.73

(399,399.93)

56,614.54

(26,138.86)

(467,922.45)

(87,630.00)

(10,328.86)

(722,644.93)

10,025,100.74 (1,556,730.14)

(14,468.73)

385,840.82

This annex forms an integral part of note 8 to the abbreviated annual accounts, in conjunction with which it should be read.

(56,614.54)

26,138.86

467,922.45

87,630.00

10,328.86

722,644.93

1,556,730.14

Commissions reducing the loan debt

Suppliers of fixed assets

Other financial liabilities

Trade and other payables

Total financial liabilities

Personnel

Intercompany trade payables

(482,884.87)

39,262.66

12,050,617.13

VANDOR Real Estate SOCIMI, S.A. (Sociedad Unipersonal)

Preparation of the Abbreviated Annual Accounts at 19 December 2022

On 17 March 2023 the members of the board of directors of the Company *Vandor Real Estate SOCIMI, S.A.U.*, have prepared the abbreviated annual accounts for the period between 20 December 2021 and 19 December 2022. The abbreviated annual accounts consist of the attached documents preceding this statement.

Signatories:	
Mr. Pedro Barceló Bou	
Mr. Arnau Osorio Mañanas	
Mr. Shane Edward Law	